# CATO - MERIDIAN CENTRAL SCHOOL DISTRICT

# **BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS**

For Year Ended June 30, 2022



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# **INDEPENDENT AUDITORS' REPORT**

To the Board of Education Cato-Meridian Central School District, New York

#### **Report on the Audit of the Financial Statements**

#### **Opinions**

We have audited the financial statements of the governmental activities, each major fund, and the aggregate remaining fund information of Cato-Meridian Central School District, New York, as of and for the year ended June 30, 2022, and the related notes to the financial statements, which collectively comprise the District's basic financial statements as listed in the table of contents.

In our opinion, the accompanying financial statements present fairly, in all material respects, the respective financial position of the governmental activities, each major fund, and the aggregate remaining fund information of the Cato-Meridian Central School District, New York, as of June 30, 2022, and the respective changes in financial position and, where applicable, cash flows thereof for the year then ended in accordance with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America.

#### **Basis for Opinions**

We conducted our audit in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America (GAAS) and the standards applicable to financial audits contained in *Government Auditing Standards*, issued by the Comptroller General of the United States. Our responsibilities under those standards are further described in the Auditor's Responsibilities for the Audit of the Financial Statements section of our report. We are required to be independent of Cato-Meridian Central School District and to meet our other ethical responsibilities, in accordance with the relevant ethical requirements relating to our audit. We believe that the audit evidence we have obtained is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our audit opinions.

#### **Responsibilities of Management for the Financial Statements**

Cato-Meridian Central School District's management is responsible for the preparation and fair presentation of the financial statements in accordance with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America, and for the design, implementation, and maintenance of internal control relevant to the preparation and fair presentation of financial statements that are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error.

In preparing the financial statements, management is required to evaluate whether there are conditions or events, considered in the aggregate, that raise substantial doubt about the District's ability to continue as a going concern for one year after the date that the financial statements are issued.

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#### Auditor's Responsibilities for the Audit of the Financial Statements

Our objectives are to obtain reasonable assurance about whether the financial statements as a whole are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error, and to issue an auditor's report that includes our opinions. Reasonable assurance is a high level of assurance but is not absolute assurance and therefore is not a guarantee that an audit conducted in accordance with GAAS will always detect a material misstatement when it exists. The risk of not detecting a material misstatement resulting from fraud is higher than for one resulting from error, as fraud may involve collusion, forgery, intentional omissions, misrepresentations, or the override of internal control. Misstatements are considered material if there is a substantial likelihood that, individually or in the aggregate, they would influence the judgment made by a reasonable user based on the financial statements.

In performing an audit in accordance with GAAS, we:

- Exercise professional judgment and maintain professional skepticism throughout the audit.
- Identify and assess the risks of material misstatement of the financial statements, whether due to fraud or error, and design and perform audit procedures responsive to those risks. Such procedures include examining, on a test basis, evidence regarding the amounts and disclosures in the financial statements.
- Obtain an understanding of internal control relevant to the audit in order to design audit procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of the District's internal control. Accordingly, no such opinion is expressed.
- Evaluate the appropriateness of accounting policies used and the reasonableness of significant accounting estimates made by management, as well as evaluate the overall presentation of the financial statements.
- Conclude whether, in our judgment, there are conditions or events, considered in the aggregate, that raise substantial doubt about the District's ability to continue as a going concern for a reasonable period of time.

We are required to communicate with those charged with governance regarding, among other matters, the planned scope and timing of the audit, significant audit findings, and certain internal control–related matters that we identified during the audit.

### **Required Supplementary Information**

Accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America require that the management's discussion and analysis, schedule of changes in District's total OPEB liability and related ratio, schedule of the District's proportionate share of the net pension liability, schedule of District contributions, and budgetary comparison information on pages 4-13 and 50-54 be presented to supplement the basic financial statements. Such information is the responsibility of management and, although not a part of the basic financial statements, is required by the Governmental Accounting Standards Board who considers it to be an essential part of financial reporting for placing the basic financial statements in an appropriate operational, economic, or historical context. We have applied certain limited procedures to the required supplementary information in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America, which consisted of inquiries of management about the methods of preparing the information and comparing the information for consistency with management's responses to our inquiries, the basic financial statements, and other knowledge we obtained during our audit of the basic financial statements. We do not express an opinion or provide any assurance.

### Supplementary Information

Our audit was conducted for the purpose of forming opinions on the financial statements that collectively comprise Cato-Meridian Central School District's basic financial statements. The accompanying supplemental information as listed in the table of contents and schedule of expenditures of federal awards, as required by Title 2 U.S. Code of Federal Regulations, Part 200, Uniform Administrative Requirements, Cost Principles, and Audit Requirements for Federal Awards are presented for purposes of additional analysis and are not a required part of the basic financial statements. The accompanying supplementary information as listed in the table of contents and schedule of expenditures of federal awards is the responsibility of management and was derived from and relates directly to the underlying accounting and other records used to prepare the basic financial statements. Such information has been subjected to the auditing procedures applied in the audit of the basic financial statements and certain additional procedures, including comparing and reconciling such information directly to the underlying accounting and other records used to prepare the basic financial statements themselves, and other records used to prepare the basic financial statements themselves, and other additional procedures in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America. In our opinion, the supplementary information as listed in the table of contents and schedule of expenditures of federal awards is fairly stated, in all material respects, in relation to the basic financial statements as a whole.

### **Other Information**

As described in Note II to the financial statements, the District adopted GASB Statement No. 87, *Leases*. As a result, the beginning net position has been restated. Our opinion is not modified with respect to this matter.

### Other Reporting Required by Government Auditing Standards

In accordance with *Government Auditing Standards*, we have also issued our report dated October 17, 2022 on our consideration of Cato-Meridian Central School District's internal control over financial reporting and on our tests of its compliance with certain provisions of laws, regulations, contracts, and grant agreements and other matters. The purpose of that report is solely to describe the scope of our testing of internal control over financial reporting and compliance and the results of that testing, and not to provide an opinion on the effectiveness of internal control over financial reporting over financial reporting or on compliance. That report is an integral part of an audit performed in accordance with *Government Auditing Standards* in considering Cato-Meridian Central School District's internal control over financial reporting and compliance.

Mongel, Metzger, Barn & Co. LLP

Rochester, New York October 17, 2022

#### **Cato - Meridian Central School District**

#### **Management's Discussion and Analysis**

#### For the Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2022

The following is a discussion and analysis of the Cato – Meridian Central School District's financial performance for the fiscal year ended June 30, 2022. This section is a summary of the School District's financial activities based on currently known facts, decisions, and/or conditions. It is also based on both the government-wide and fund-based financial statements. The results of the current year are discussed in comparison with the prior year, with an emphasis placed on the current year. This section is only an introduction and should be read in conjunction with the School District's financial statements, which immediately follow this section.

#### **Financial Highlights**

At the close of the fiscal year, the total assets plus deferred outflows (what the district owns) exceeded its total liabilities plus deferred inflows (what the district owes) by \$9,667,718 (net position), an increase of \$4,246,551 from the prior year.

As of the close of the fiscal year, the School District's governmental funds reported combined fund balances of \$8,554,592, an increase of \$1,737,789, in comparison with the prior year.

General revenues, which include Federal and State Aid and Real Property Taxes, accounted for \$22,281,523, or 90% of all revenues. Program specific revenues in the form of Charges for services and Operating Grants and Contributions accounted for \$2,491,813, or 10% of total revenues.

#### **Overview of the Financial Statements**

This discussion and analysis is intended to serve as an introduction to the School District's basic financial statements. The School District's basic financial statements are comprised of three components: (1) government-wide financial statements, (2) fund financial statements and (3) notes to the financial statements. This report also contains individual fund statements and schedules in addition to the basic financial statements.

#### Government-Wide Financial Statements

The *government-wide financial statements* are designed to provide readers with a broad overview of the School District's finances, in a manner similar to a private-sector business.

The *statement of net position* presents information on all the School District's assets plus deferred outflow of resources and liabilities plus deferred inflow of resources, with the difference between the two reported as *net position*. Over time, increases or decreases in net position may serve as a useful indicator of whether the financial position of the School District is improving or deteriorating.

The *statement of activities* presents information showing how the government's net position changed during the most recent fiscal year. All changes in net position are reported as soon as the underlying event giving rise to the change occurs, regardless of the timing of related cash flows.

The *governmental* activities of the School District include instruction, pupil transportation, cost of food sales, general administrative support, community service, and interest on long-term debt.

The government-wide financial statements can be found on the pages immediately following this section as the first two pages of the basic financial statements.

### Fund Financial Statements

A *fund* is a grouping of related accounts that is used to maintain control over resources that have been segregated for specific activities or objectives. The School District, like other state and local governments, uses fund accounting to ensure and demonstrate compliance with finance related legal requirements. All the funds of the School District can be divided into two categories: governmental funds and fiduciary funds.

*Governmental funds* are used to account for essentially the same functions reported as *governmental activities* in the government-wide financial statements. However, unlike the government-wide financial statements, governmental fund financial statements focus on *near-term inflows and outflows of spendable resources*, as well as on *balances of spendable resources* available at the end of the fiscal year. Such information may be useful in evaluating the School District's near-term financing requirements.

Because the focus of governmental funds is narrower than that of the government-wide financial statements, it is useful to compare the information presented for *governmental funds* with similar information presented for *governmental activities* in the government-wide financial statements. By doing so, readers may better understand the long-term impact of the government's near-term financing decisions. Both the governmental fund statement of revenues, expenditures, and changes in fund balances provide a reconciliation to facilitate this comparison between *governmental funds* and *governmental activities*.

The School District maintains six individual governmental funds: the General Fund, Special Aid Fund, School Lunch Fund, Miscellaneous Special Revenue Fund, Debt Service Fund, and Capital Projects Fund. Information is presented separately in the governmental fund balance sheet and in the governmental fund statement of revenues, expenditures and changes in fund balances for the general fund, the special aid fund, and the capital projects fund, which are reported as major funds. The school lunch fund, the miscellaneous special revenue fund, and the debt service fund are aggregated into a single column and reported as non-major funds.

The School District adopts and voters approve an annual budget for its General Fund. A budgetary comparison statement has been provided for the General Fund within the basic financial statements to demonstrate compliance with the budget.

The *Fiduciary Funds* are used to account for assets held by the School District in an agency capacity which accounts for assets held by the School District on behalf of others. Fiduciary funds are not reflected in the government-wide financial statement because the resources of these funds are *not* available to support the School District's programs.

The financial statements for the governmental and fiduciary funds can be found in the basic financial statement section of this report.

Major Feature of the District-Wide and Fund Financial Statements							
	Government-Wide	Fund Finan	cial Statements				
	Statements	Governmental Funds	Fiduciary Funds				
Scope	Entire District	The activities of the School	Instances in which the School				
	(except fiduciary funds)	District that are not proprietary	District administers resources on				
		or fiduciary, such as special	behalf of someone else, such as				
		education, scholarship programs,	student activities monies				
		and building maintenance					
Required	Statement of net position	Balance sheet	Statement of fiduciary net position				
financial	Statement of activities	Statement of revenues,	statement of changes in fiduciary				
statements		expenditures, and changes in	net position				
		fund balance					
Accounting	Accrual accounting and	Modified accrual accounting and	Accrual accounting and economic				
basis and	economic resources focus	current financial focus	resources focus				
measurement							
focus		~ !!					
Type of	All assets and liabilities, both	Generally, assets expected to be	All assets and liabilities, both short-				
asset/liability	financial and capital, short-	used up and liabilities that come	term and long-term; funds do not				
information	term and long-term	due during the year or soon	currently contain capital assets,				
		thereafter; no capital assets or	although they can				
Turna of	All revenues and evenences	long-term liabilities included Revenues for which cash is	All additions and deductions during				
Type of inflow/outflow	All revenues and expenses		All additions and deductions during				
information	during year, regardless of when cash is received or paid	received during or soon after the end of the year; expenditures	the year, regardless of when cash is received or paid				
momation	when easi is received of paid	when goods or services have					
		been received and the related					
		liability is due and payable					
		naonity is due and payable	l				

#### Notes to the Financial Statements

The notes provide additional information that is essential to a full understanding of the data provided in the governmentwide and fund financial statements. The notes to the financial statements can be found following the basic financial statement section of this report.

#### **Government-Wide Statements**

The government-wide statements report information about the District as a whole using accounting methods similar to those used by private-sector companies. The statement of net position includes all the School District's assets and liabilities. All of the current year's revenues and expenses are accounted for in the statement of activities regardless of when cash is received or paid.

The two government-wide statements report the District's net position and how they have changed. Net position, the difference between the District's assets plus deferred outflow of resources and liabilities plus deferred inflow of resources, is one way to measure the District's financial health or position. Over time, increases or decreases in the District's net position are an indicator of whether its financial position is improving or deteriorating, respectively. Additional non-financial factors such as changes in the District's overall health.

All of the District's services are reported in the government-wide financial statements as governmental activities. Most of the District's basic services are included here, such as regular and special education, transportation and administration. Property taxes, federal and state aid, and investment earnings finance most of these activities.

#### Financial Analysis of the School District as a Whole

### **Net Position**

The District's combined net position was larger on June 30, 2022 than the year before, increasing to \$9,667,718, as shown in table below.

			Total
	Governmen	tal Activities	Variance
ASSETS:	2022	<u>2021</u>	
Current and Other Assets	\$ 18,232,116	\$ 8,808,991	\$ 9,423,125
Capital Assets	29,926,331	30,530,879	(604,548)
Total Assets	\$ 48,158,447	\$ 39,339,870	\$ 8,818,577
<b>DEFERRED OUTFLOWS OF RESOURCES:</b>			
Deferred Outflows of Resources	\$ 6,892,478	\$ 7,736,590	\$ (844,112)
LIABILITIES:			
Long-Term Debt Obligations	\$ 31,557,219	\$ 34,889,578	\$ (3,332,359)
Other Liabilities	1,811,054	1,973,958	(162,904)
Total Liabilities	\$ 33,368,273	\$ 36,863,536	\$ (3,495,263)
<b>DEFERRED INFLOWS OF RESOURCES:</b>			
Deferred Inflows of Resources	\$ 12,014,934	\$ 5,112,977	\$ 6,901,957
NET POSITION:			
Net Investment in Capital Assets	\$ 17,100,985	\$ 15,692,227	\$ 1,408,758
Restricted For,			
Unemployment Insurance Reserve	1,547,946	193,727	1,354,219
Capital Reserve	3,855,000	3,700,009	154,991
Other Purposes	2,035,193	1,857,101	178,092
Unrestricted	(14,871,406)	(16,343,117)	1,471,711
<b>Total Net Position</b>	\$ 9,667,718	\$ 5,099,947	\$ 4,567,771

#### Key Variances

- In the current year the District is recognizing a net pension asset of \$7.8 million versus a net liability of \$1.26 million in the prior year.
- The District continues to pay down serial bonds.

The District's financial position is the product of many factors.

By far, the largest component of the School District's net position reflects its investment in capital assets, less any related debt used to acquire those assets that is still outstanding. The School District uses these capital assets to provide services to the students and consequently, these assets are not available for future spending. Although the School District's investment in its capital assets is reported net of related debt, it should be noted that the resources needed to repay this debt must be provided from other sources, since the capital assets themselves cannot be used to liquidate these liabilities.

There are three restricted net asset balances; Unemployment Insurance Reserve, Capital Reserves, and Other Purposes. The remaining balance of unrestricted net position is a deficit of \$14,871,406.

#### **Changes in Net Position**

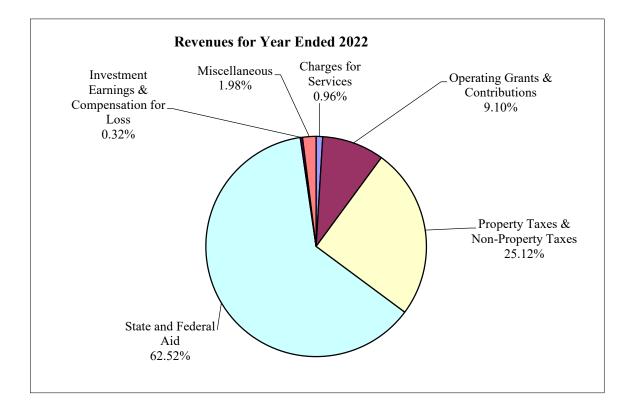
The District's total revenue increased 4% to \$24,773,336. State and federal aid (63%) and property taxes (25%) accounted for most of the District's revenue. The remaining 12% of the revenue comes from operating grants, charges for services, non-property taxes, investment earnings, compensation for loss, and miscellaneous revenues.

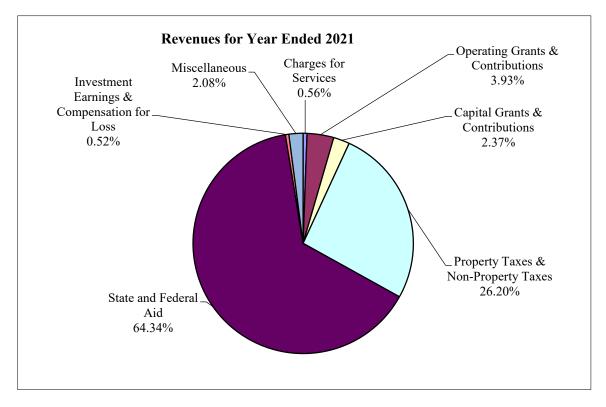
The total cost of all the programs and services decreased 5% to \$20,526,785. The District's expenses are predominately related to education and caring for the students (72%). General support, which included expenses associated with the operation, maintenance and administration of the District, accounted for 14% of the total costs. The remaining 14% of the expenditures comes from pupil transportation, community services, school lunch, and interest on long-term debt. See table below:

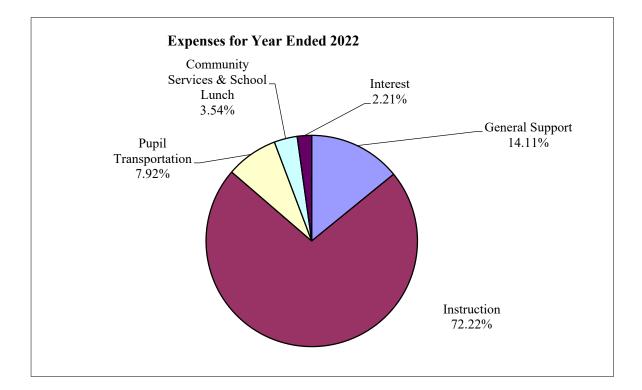
		<b>Governmental Activities</b>				Total <u>Variance</u>		
		2022		2021				
<u>REVENUES:</u>								
<u>Program -</u>								
Charges for Service	\$	238,046	\$	132,028	\$	106,018		
<b>Operating Grants &amp; Contributions</b>		2,253,767		934,068		1,319,699		
Capital Grants & Contributions		-		563,873		(563,873)		
Total Program	\$	2,491,813	\$	1,629,969	\$	861,844		
<u>General -</u>								
Property Taxes	\$	6,220,928	\$	6,222,233	\$	(1,305)		
Non Property Taxes		1,299		858		441		
State and Federal Aid		15,488,599		15,280,489		208,110		
Investment Earnings		62,636		9,090		53,546		
Compensation for Loss		16,701		114,076		(97,375)		
Miscellaneous	_	491,360	_	492,413		(1,053)		
Total General	\$	22,281,523	\$	22,119,159	\$	162,364		
TOTAL REVENUES	\$	24,773,336	\$	23,749,128	\$	1,024,208		
EXPENSES:								
General Support	\$	2,896,946	\$	2,802,716	\$	94,230		
Instruction		14,823,887		16,281,845		(1,457,958)		
Pupil Transportation		1,626,581		1,571,401		55,180		
Community Services		229,607		125,082		104,525		
School Lunch		497,687		350,517		147,170		
Interest		452,077		546,120		(94,043)		
TOTAL EXPENSES	\$	20,526,785	\$	21,677,681	\$	(1,150,896)		
CHANGE IN NET POSITION	\$	4,246,551	\$	2,071,447				
NET POSITION, BEGINNING								
OF YEAR (restated)		5,421,167		3,028,500				
NET POSITION, END OF YEAR	\$	9,667,718	\$	5,099,947				
Restated for GASB 87				321,220				
<b>RESTATED NET POSITION</b>			\$	5,421,167				

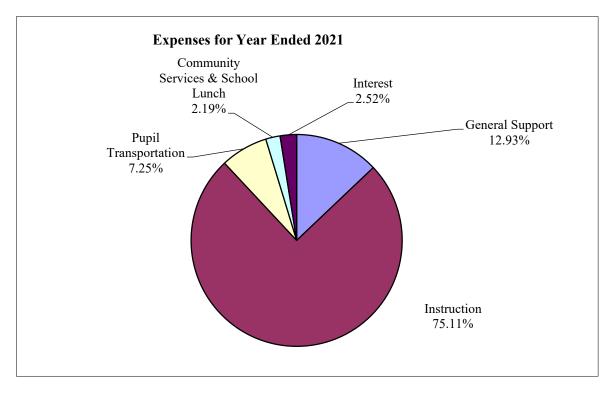
#### Key Variances

- The District received additional Federal funding due to the COVID-19 Stimulus Relief which increased operating grants and contributions.
- Instructional expenses decreased due to the impact of the change in NYS pension systems financial position.









#### **Financial Analysis of the School District's Funds**

The financial performance of the District as a whole is reflected in its governmental funds. As the District completed the year, its governmental funds reported combined fund balances of \$8,554,592 which is more than last year's ending fund balance of \$6,816,803.

The General Fund is the chief operating fund of the District. At the end of the current year, the total fund balance of the General Fund was \$8,340,360. Fund balance for the General Fund increased by \$1,606,409 compared with the prior year. See table below:

				Total
<u>General Fund Balances:</u>	<u>2022</u>	<u>2021</u>	1	<u>Variance</u>
Nonspendable	\$ 582,430	\$ 406,134	\$	176,296
Restricted	6,810,405	5,128,133		1,682,272
Assigned	22,406	301,313		(278,907)
Unassigned	 925,119	 898,371		26,748
<b>Total General Fund Balances</b>	\$ 8,340,360	\$ 6,733,951	\$	1,606,409

The District appropriated funds from the following reserves for the 2022-23 budget:

<u>Total</u>
\$ 50,000
 125,000
\$ 175,000
\$ \$

# **General Fund Budgetary Highlights**

The difference between the original budget and the final amended budget was \$101,313. This change is attributable to \$101,313 of carryover encumbrances from the 2020-21 school year.

The key factors for budget variances in the general fund are listed below along with explanations for each.

	Budget Variance Original Vs.	
<b>Expenditure Items:</b>	Amended	Explanation for Budget Variance
Programs for Children		
with Handicapping		
Conditions	\$208,344	To fund the cost of a student in residential care

	Budget Variance	
	Amended Vs.	
<b>Revenue Items:</b>	Actual	Explanation for Budget Variance
Miscellaneous	\$419,361	BOCES refund was not part of expected revenues
State Sources	(\$273,270)	This is due to changes in expense based aids
	Budget Variance Amended Vs.	
<b>Expenditure Items:</b>	Actual	Explanation for Budget Variance
Teaching-Regular School	\$222,085	This is due to conservative budgeting
Programs for Children with Handicapping Conditions	\$310,856	This is due to conservative budgeting and to allow for the potential of higher costs programming
Employee Benefits	\$326,287	This is due to conservative budgeting
Transfers-Out	\$231,115	Less money was transferred to the capital fund than anticipated

# **Capital Asset and Debt Administration**

#### **Capital Assets**

By the end of the 2022 fiscal year, the District had invested \$29,504,041 in a broad range of capital assets, including land, work in progress, buildings and improvements, and machinery and equipment. The change in capital assets, net of accumulated depreciation, is reflected below:

	<u>2022</u>	<u>2021</u>
Capital Assets:		
Land	\$ 52,600	\$ 52,600
Work in Progress	135,951	8,192,886
Buildings and Improvements	27,894,408	20,896,672
Machinery and Equipment	1,421,082	1,388,721
<b>Total Capital Assets</b>	\$ 29,504,041	\$ 30,530,879
Lease Assets:		
Equipment	\$ 422,290	\$ 406,583
<b>Total Lease Assets</b>	\$ 422,290	\$ 406,583

More detailed information can be found in the notes to the financial statements.

### Long-Term Debt

At year-end, the District had \$31,557,219 in general obligation bonds and other long-term debt outstanding as follows:

Type	<u>2022</u>	<u>2021</u>
Serial Bonds	\$ 9,615,000	\$ 11,425,000
Lease Liability	60,298	85,363
Unamortized Bond Premium	510,543	589,765
Energy Performance Contract	2,199,878	2,336,621
OPEB	19,009,039	19,158,180
Net Pension Liability	-	1,266,212
Compensated Absences	162,461	113,800
<b>Total Long-Term Obligations</b>	\$ 31,557,219	\$ 34,974,941

More detailed information can be found in the notes to the financial statements.

### Factors Bearing on the District's Future

The District's financial outlook has been impacted by the following factors: Federal stimulus funds as well as an anticipated solar project. The Federal stimulus dollars are anticipated to begin phasing out this school year with all funds no longer available by 2024.

The District is also facing a drop in debt service revenue which may impact tax cap and budget stability without the approval of a capital project (anticipated for 2024-25).

In addition, the District continues to demonstrate declining enrollment and increasing rates of students from poverty as evidenced by our increasing free and reduced lunch rates. These factors may result in students who require a more diverse array of educational services for success.

#### **Contacting the School District's Financial Management**

This financial report is designed to provide the District's citizens, taxpayers, customers, investors, and creditors with a general overview of the District's finances and to demonstrate the District's accountability for the money it receives. Questions concerning any of the information provided in this report or requests for additional information should be addressed to the following:

Cato - Meridian Central School District 2851 Route 370 East Cato, NY 13033 (315) 626-2716

# Statement of Net Position

June 30, 2022

	G	overnmental <u>Activities</u>
ASSETS		
Cash and cash equivalents	\$	8,074,638
Accounts receivable		2,059,316
Inventories		7,069
Prepaid items		267,981
Net pension asset		7,823,112
Capital Assets:		
Land		52,600
Work in progress		135,951
Other capital assets (net of depreciation)		29,737,780
TOTAL ASSETS	\$	48,158,447
DEFERRED OUTFLOWS OF RESOURCES		
Deferred outflows of resources	\$	6,892,478
LIABILITIES	<b>*</b>	
Accounts payable	\$	110,406
Accrued liabilities		37,655
Unearned revenues		48,005
Due to other governments		39
Due to teachers' retirement system		827,019
Due to employees' retirement system		64,141
Bond anticipation notes payable		620,000
Other Liabilities		103,789
Long-Term Obligations:		
Due in one year		2,151,643
Due in more than one year		29,405,576
TOTAL LIABILITIES	\$	33,368,273
DEFERRED INFLOWS OF RESOURCES		
Deferred inflows of resources	\$	12,014,934
NET POSITION		
Net investment in capital assets	\$	17,100,985
Restricted For:		
Unemployment insurance reserve		1,547,946
Capital reserves		3,855,000
Other purposes		2,035,193
Unrestricted		(14,871,406)
TOTAL NET POSITION	\$	9,667,718
	Ψ	-,,.

# Statement of Activities

For The Year Ended June 30, 2022

<u>Functions/Programs</u>		<u>Expenses</u>		Program narges for Services	(	enues Operating Grants and ontributions	F 1	et (Expense) Revenue and Changes in Net Position overnmental <u>Activities</u>
Primary Government -								
General support	\$	2,896,946	\$	-	\$	-	\$	(2,896,946)
Instruction		14,823,887		46,318		1,691,080		(13,086,489)
Pupil transportation		1,626,581		-		-		(1,626,581)
Community services		229,607		159,064		49,699		(20,844)
School lunch		497,687		32,664		512,988		47,965
Interest		452,077		-		-		(452,077)
<b>Total Primary Government</b>	\$	20,526,785	\$	238,046	\$	2,253,767	\$	(18,034,972)
	Pro Nor Stat Invo Cor Mis	ral Revenues: perty taxes n property taxes te and federal at estment earning mpensation for 1 scellaneous otal General R	id ;s loss				\$	6,220,928 1,299 15,488,599 62,636 16,701 491,360
				les				22,281,523
	Cha	anges in Net Po	sition				\$	4,246,551
	Net	Position, Begi	nning	g of Year (re	state	d)		5,421,167
	Net	Position, End	of Ye	ear			\$	9,667,718

#### **Balance Sheet**

**Governmental Funds** 

June 30, 2022

ASSETS		General Fund		Special Aid Fund		Capital Projects Fund		onmajor vernmental Funds	Go	Total overnmental Funds
Cash and cash equivalents	\$	<u>6,640,376</u>	\$	<u>1 una</u> 54,639	\$	859.444	\$	<u>520.179</u>	\$	8,074,638
Receivables	Ψ	1,482,243	Ψ	252,341	Ψ	223,833	Ψ	100.899	Ψ	2,059,316
Inventories		-						7,069		7,069
Due from other funds		1,101,220		1,314,995		93,943		190,193		2,700,351
Prepaid items		267,981		-,,		-				267,981
TOTAL ASSETS	\$	9,491,820	\$	1,621,975	\$	1,177,220	\$	818,340	\$	13,109,355
LIABILITIES AND FUND BALANCES										
<u>Liabilities</u> -										
Accounts payable	\$	77,363	\$	5,148	\$	3,513	\$	24,382	\$	110,406
Accrued liabilities		15,498		3,067		-		-		18,565
Notes payable - bond anticipation notes		-		-		620,000		-		620,000
Due to other funds		1,202		1,569,085		1,130,064		-		2,700,351
Due to other governments		-		-		-		39		39
Due to TRS		827,019		-		-		-		827,019
Due to ERS		64,141		-		-		-		64,141
Other liabilities		103,789		-		-		-		103,789
Compensated absences		62,448		-		-		-		62,448
Unearned revenue		-		20,523		-		27,482		48,005
TOTAL LIABILITIES	\$	1,151,460	\$	1,597,823	\$	1,753,577	\$	51,903	\$	4,554,763
Fund Balances -										
Nonspendable	\$	582,430	\$	-	\$	-	\$	7,069	\$	589,499
Restricted		6,810,405		-		-		627,734		7,438,139
Assigned		22,406		24,152		-		131,634		178,192
Unassigned		925,119		-		(576,357)		-		348,762
TOTAL FUND BALANCE	\$	8,340,360	\$	24,152	\$	(576,357)	\$	766,437	\$	8,554,592
TOTAL LIABILITIES AND										
FUND BALANCES	\$	9,491,820	\$	1,621,975	\$	1,177,220	\$	818,340		
		4 16				4				

#### Amounts reported for governmental activities in the

Statement of Net Position are different because:

Capital assets and right to use assets used in governmental activities are not financial resources

and therefore are not reported in the funds.	29,926,331	
Interest is accrued on outstanding bonds in the statement of net position		
but not in the funds.	(19,090	))
The following long-term obligations are not due and payable in the		
current period and therefore are not reported in the governmental funds:		
Serial bonds payable	(9,615,000	))
Leases	(60,298	5)
OPEB	(19,009,039	り)
Compensated absences	(100,013	6)
Unamortized bond premium	(510,543	6)
Energy performance contract	(2,199,878	5)
Net pension asset	7,823,112	!
Deferred outflow - advanced refunding	136,730	)
Deferred outflow - pension	5,324,982	:
Deferred outflow - OPEB	1,430,766	)
Deferred inflow - pension	(9,927,855	)
Deferred inflow - OPEB	(2,087,079	<u> </u>
Net Position of Governmental Activities	\$ 9,667,718	<u> </u>

#### Statement of Revenues, Expenditures and Changes in Fund Balances

#### **Governmental Funds**

For The Year Ended June 30, 2022

				Special		Capital		onmajor		Total
		General		Aid		Projects		ernmental	Go	overnmental
		Fund		Fund		Fund		<u>Funds</u>		<b>Funds</b>
REVENUES	٩		<b></b>		٠		<i>•</i>		<b></b>	
Real property taxes and tax items	\$	6,220,928	\$	-	\$	-	\$	-	\$	6,220,928
Non-property taxes		1,299		-		-		-		1,299
Charges for services		46,318		-		-		-		46,318
Use of money and property		62,368		-		-		264		62,632
Sale of property and compensation for loss		16,701		-		-		-		16,701
Miscellaneous		489,361		219,279		-		14,766		723,406
State sources		15,371,159		201,285		-		9,863		15,582,307
Federal sources		117,440		1,481,282		-		503,125		2,101,847
Sales		-		-		-		32,664		32,664
TOTAL REVENUES	\$	22,325,574	\$	1,901,846	\$	-	\$	560,682	\$	24,788,102
EXPENDITURES										
General support	\$	2,624,969	\$	-	\$	-	\$	-	\$	2,624,969
Instruction		10,331,120		1,421,412		-		-		11,752,532
Pupil transportation		1,134,356		18,742		294,036		-		1,447,134
Community services		-		192,738		-		-		192,738
Employee benefits		3,722,649		142,632		-		-		3,865,281
Debt service - principal		2,356,808		-		-		-		2,356,808
Debt service - interest		494,063		-		-		-		494,063
Cost of sales		-		-		-		32,129		32,129
Other expenses		-		-		-		424,761		424,761
Capital outlay		-		-		244,898		-		244,898
TOTAL EXPENDITURES	\$	20,663,965	\$	1,775,524	\$	538,934	\$	456,890	\$	23,435,313
EXCESS (DEFICIENCY) OF REVENUES										
OVER EXPENDITURES	\$	1,661,609	\$	126,322	\$	(538,934)	\$	103,792	\$	1,352,789
OTHER FINANCING SOURCES (USES)										
Transfers - in	\$	63,685	\$	9,938	\$	244,898	\$	-	\$	318,521
Transfers - out		(118,885)		(135,951)		(63,685)		-		(318,521)
BAN's redeemed from appropriations		-		-		385,000		-		385,000
TOTAL OTHER FINANCING										
SOURCES (USES)	\$	(55,200)	\$	(126,013)	\$	566,213	\$	-	\$	385,000
NET CHANGE IN FUND BALANCE	\$	1,606,409	\$	309	\$	27,279	\$	103,792	\$	1,737,789
FUND BALANCE, BEGINNING										
OF YEAR		6,733,951		23,843		(603,636)		662,645		6,816,803
FUND BALANCE, END OF YEAR	\$	8,340,360	\$	24,152	\$	(576,357)	\$	766,437	\$	8,554,592

(See accompanying notes to financial statements)

# CATO-MERIDIAN CENTRAL SCHOOL DISTRICT, NEW YORK Reconciliation of Governmental Funds Statement of Revenues, Expenditures, and Changes in Fund Balances of Governmental Funds to Statement of Activities For The Year Ended June 30, 2022

#### **NET CHANGE IN FUND BALANCES** -TOTAL GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS \$ 1,737,789 Amounts reported for governmental activities in the Statement of Activities are different because: Governmental funds report capital outlays as expenditures. However, in the Statement of Activities the cost of those assets is allocated over their estimated useful lives and reported as depreciation expense. The following are the amounts by which capital outlays and additions of assets in excess depreciation in the current period: Capital Outlay \$ 244.898 Additions to Assets, Net 361,079 Additions to Leases, Net 15,707 Gain/ (Loss) on Disposal (15, 140)Depreciation (1,617,675) (1,011,131)Bond proceeds provide current financial resources to governmental funds, but issuing debt increases long-term obligations in the Statement of Net Position. Repayment of bond principal is an expenditure in the governmental funds, but the repayment reduces long-term obligations in the Statement of Net Position. The following details these items as they effect the governmental activities: **Debt Repayments** \$ 2.356.808 Proceeds from BAN Redemption (385,000)Unamortized Bond Premium 79,222 2.051.030 In the Statement of Activities, interest is accrued on outstanding bonds, whereas in governmental funds, an interest expenditure is reported when due. 6,090 The net OPEB liability does not require the use of current financial resources and, therefore, is not reported as an expenditure in the governmental funds. 122,888 (Increase) decrease in proportionate share of net pension asset/liability reported in the Statement of Activities do not provide for or require the use of current financial resources and therefore are not reported as revenues or expenditures in the governmental funds Teachers' Retirement System 1,164,663 Employees' Retirement System 248,171 Portion of deferred (inflow) / outflow recognized in long term debt (43, 326)In the Statement of Activities, vacation pay, teachers' retirement incentive and judgments and claims are measured by the amount accrued during the year. In the governmental funds, expenditures for these items are measured by the amount actually paid. The following provides the differences of these items as presented in the governmental activities: **Compensated Absences** (29,623) CHANGE IN NET POSITION OF GOVERNMENTAL ACTIVITIES 4,246,551

# CATO-MERIDIAN CENTRAL SCHOOL DISTRICT, NEW YORK Statement of Fiduciary Net Position June 30, 2022

ASSETS	•	Custodial <u>Funds</u>
Cash and cash equivalents	\$	123,847
TOTAL ASSETS	\$	123,847
NET POSITION		
Restricted for individuals, organizations and other governments	\$	123,847
TOTAL NET POSITION	\$	123,847

# Statement of Changes in Fiduciary Net Position

For The Year Ended June 30, 2022

	Custodial		
		<b>Funds</b>	
ADDITIONS			
Library taxes	\$	75,000	
Student activity		147,068	
TOTAL ADDITIONS	\$	222,068	
DEDUCTIONS			
Student activity	\$	111,337	
Library taxes		75,000	
TOTAL DEDUCTIONS	\$	186,337	
CHANGE IN NET POSITION	\$	35,731	
NET POSITION, BEGINNING OF YEAR		88,116	
NET POSITION, END OF YEAR	\$	123,847	

#### Notes To The Basic Financial Statements

June 30, 2022

#### I. <u>Summary of Significant Accounting Policies</u>

The financial statements of the Cato - Meridian Central School District, New York (the District) have been prepared in conformity with generally accepted accounting principles (GAAP) as applied to government units. The Governmental Accounting Standards Board (GASB) is the accepted standard setting body for establishing governmental accounting and financial reporting principles. The more significant of the District's accounting policies are described below.

#### A. <u>Reporting Entity</u>

The Cato - Meridian Central School District is governed by the laws of New York State. The District is an independent entity governed by an elected Board of Education consisting of seven members. The President of the Board serves as the chief fiscal officer and the Superintendent is the chief executive officer. The Board is responsible for, and controls all activities related to public school education within the District. Board members have authority to make decisions, power to appoint management, and primary accountability for all fiscal matters.

The reporting entity of the District is based upon criteria set forth by GASB Statement 14, *The Financial Reporting Entity*, as amended by GASB Statement 39, *Component Units* and GASB Statement No. 61, *The Financial Reporting Entity*. The financial reporting entity consists of the primary government, organizations for which the primary government is financially accountable and other organizations for which the nature and significance of their relationship with the primary government are such that exclusion would cause the reporting entity's financial statements to be misleading or incomplete.

The District is not a component unit of another reporting entity. The decision to include a potential component unit in the District's reporting entity is based on several criteria including legal standing, fiscal dependency, and financial accountability. Based on the application of these criteria, the following is a brief review of certain entities included in the District's reporting entity.

### 1. <u>Extraclassroom Activity Funds</u>

The extraclassroom activity funds of the District represent funds of the students of the District. The Board of Education exercises general oversight of these funds. The extraclassroom activity funds are independent of the District with respect to its financial transactions, and the designation of student management. Separate audited financial statements (cash basis) of the extraclassroom activity funds can be found at the District's business office. The District accounts for assets held as an agency for various student organizations in an agency fund.

# B. Joint Venture

The District is a component of the Cayuga-Onondaga Board of Cooperative Educational Services (BOCES). The BOCES is a voluntary, cooperative association of school districts in a geographic area that shares planning, services, and programs which provide educational and support activities. There is no authority or process by which a school district can terminate its status as a BOCES component.

BOCES are organized under §1950 of the New York State Education Law. A BOCES Board is considered a corporate body. Members of a BOCES Board are nominated and elected by their component member boards in accordance with provisions of §1950 of the New York State Education Law. All BOCES property is held by the BOCES Board as a corporation (§1950(6)). In addition, BOCES Boards also are considered municipal corporations to permit them to contract with other municipalities on a cooperative basis under §119-n(a) of the New York State General Municipal Law.

A BOCES' budget is comprised of separate budgets for administrative, program, and capital costs. Each component school district's share of administrative and capital cost is determined by resident public school district enrollment as defined in Education Law, Section 1950(4)(b)(7). In addition, component districts pay tuition or a service fee for programs in which its students participate.

During the year, the District was billed \$3,345,248 for BOCES administrative and program costs.

The District's share of BOCES aid amounted to \$1,582,278.

Financial statements for the BOCES are available from the BOCES administrative office.

#### C. <u>Basis of Presentation</u>

#### 1. Districtwide Statements

The Statement of Net Position and the Statement of Activities present financial information about the District's governmental activities. These statements include the financial activities of the overall government in its entirety, except those that are fiduciary. Eliminations have been made to minimize the double counting of internal transactions. Governmental activities generally are financed through taxes, state aid, intergovernmental revenues, and other exchange and nonexchange transactions. Operating grants include operating-specific and discretionary (either operating or capital) grants, while the capital grants column reflects capital specific grants.

The Statement of Activities presents a comparison between program expenses and revenues for each function of the District's governmental activities. Direct expenses are those that are specifically associated with and are clearly identifiable to a particular function. Indirect expenses, principally employee benefits, are allocated to functional areas in proportion to the payroll expended for those areas. Program revenues include charges paid by the recipients of goods or services offered by the programs, and grants and contributions that are restricted to meeting the operational or capital requirements of a particular program. Revenues that are not classified as program revenues, including all taxes, are presented as general revenues.

# 2. Fund Statements

The fund statements provide information about the District's funds, including fiduciary funds. Separate statements for each fund category (governmental and fiduciary) are presented. The emphasis of fund financial statements is on major governmental funds, each displayed in a separate column. All remaining governmental funds are aggregated and reported as nonmajor funds.

The District reports the following governmental funds:

#### a. <u>Major Governmental Funds</u>

<u>**General Fund</u>** - This is the District's primary operating fund. It accounts for all financial transactions that are not required to be accounted for in another fund.</u>

**Special Aid Fund** - This fund accounts for the proceeds of specific revenue sources, such as federal and state grants, that are legally restricted to expenditures for specified purposes. These legal restrictions may be imposed either by governments that provide the funds, or by outside parties.

<u>**Capital Projects Fund</u>** - Used to account for the financial resources used for acquisition, construction, or major repair of capital facilities, or equipment.</u>

**b.** <u>Nonmajor Governmental</u> - The other funds which are not considered major are aggregated and reported as nonmajor governmental funds as follows:

<u>School Lunch Fund</u> - Used to account for transactions of the District's lunch, breakfast and milk programs.

**Debt Service Fund** - This fund accounts for the accumulation of resources and the payment of principal and interest on long-term obligations for governmental activities.

<u>Miscellaneous Special Revenue Fund</u> – used to account for and report those revenues that are restricted or committed to expenditures for specified purposes.

**c.** <u>**Fiduciary</u></u> - Fiduciary activities are those in which the District acts as trustee or agent for resources that belong to others. These activities are not included in the District-wide financial statements, because their resources do not belong to the District, and are not available to be used.</u>** 

<u>**Custodial Funds</u>** - These funds are strictly custodial in nature and do not involve the measurement of results of operations. Assets are held by the District as agent for various student groups or extraclassroom activity.</u>

# D. Measurement Focus and Basis of Accounting

Accounting and financial reporting treatment is determined by the applicable measurement focus and basis of accounting. Measurement focus indicates the type of resources being measured such as current financial resources or economic resources. The basis of accounting indicates the timing of transactions or events for recognition in the financial statements.

The District-Wide and fiduciary fund financial statements are reported using the economic resources measurement focus and the accrual basis of accounting. Revenues are recorded when earned and expenses are recorded at the time liabilities are incurred, regardless of when the related cash transaction takes place. Nonexchange transactions, in which the District gives or receives value without directly receiving or giving equal value in exchange, include property taxes, grants and donations. On an accrual basis revenue from property taxes is recognized in the fiscal year for which the taxes are levied. Revenue from grants and donations is recognized in the fiscal year in which all eligibility requirements have been satisfied.

The fund financial statements are reported using the current financial resources measurement focus and the modified accrual basis of accounting. Under this method, revenues are recognized when measurable and available. The District considers all revenues reported in the governmental funds to be available if the revenues are collected within one year after the end of the fiscal year.

Expenditures are recorded when the related fund liability is incurred, except for principal and interest on general long-term debt, claims and judgments, and compensated absences, which are recognized as expenditures to the extent they have matured. General capital asset acquisitions are reported as expenditures in governmental funds. Proceeds of general long-term debt and acquisitions under capital leases are reported as other financing sources.

### E. <u>Property Taxes</u>

Real property taxes are levied annually by the Board of Education no later than September 1, and became a lien on August 18, 2021. Taxes are collected during the period September 1 to November 15, 2021.

Uncollected real property taxes are subsequently enforced by the County(ies) in which the District is located. The County(ies) pay an amount representing uncollected real property taxes transmitted to the County(ies) for enforcement to the District no later than the following April 1.

### F. <u>Restricted Resources</u>

When an expense is incurred for purposes for which both restricted and unrestricted net position are available, the District's policy concerning which to apply first varies with the intended use, and with associated legal requirements, many of which are described elsewhere in these notes.

# G. Interfund Transactions

The operations of the District include transactions between funds. These transactions may be temporary in nature, such as with interfund borrowing. The District typically loans resources between funds for the purpose of providing cash flow. These interfund receivables and payables are expected to be repaid within one year. Permanent transfers of funds include the transfer of expenditures and revenues to provide financing or other services.

In the District-wide statements, the amounts reported on the Statement of Net Position for interfund receivables and payables represent amounts due between different fund types (governmental activities and fiduciary funds). Eliminations have been made for all interfund receivables and payables between the funds.

The governmental funds report all interfund transactions as originally recorded. Interfund receivables and payables may be netted on the accompanying governmental funds balance sheet when it is the District's practice to settle these amounts at a net balance based upon the right of legal offset.

Refer to Note VII for a detailed disclosure by individual fund for interfund receivables, payables, expenditures, and revenues activity.

# H. <u>Estimates</u>

The preparation of financial statements in conformity with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America requires management to make estimates and assumptions that affect the reported amount of assets, deferred outflows of resources, liabilities, and deferred inflows of resources and disclosure of contingent assets and liabilities at the date of the financial statements and the reported revenues and expenses/expenditures during the reporting period. Actual results could differ from those estimates. Estimates and assumptions are made in a variety of areas, including computation of encumbrances, compensated absences, potential contingent liabilities and useful lives of long-lived assets.

# I. Cash and Cash Equivalents

The District's cash and cash equivalents consist of cash on hand, demand deposits, and short-term investments with original maturities of three months or less from the date of acquisition.

New York State Law governs the District's investment policies. Resources must be deposited in FDIC-insured commercial banks or trust companies located within the State. Permissible investments include obligations of the United States Treasury, United States Agencies, repurchase agreements and obligations of New York State or its localities.

Collateral is required for demand and time deposits and certificates of deposit not covered by FDIC insurance. Obligations that may be pledged as collateral are obligations of the United States and its agencies and obligations of the State and its municipalities and Districts.

# J. <u>Receivables</u>

Receivables are shown net of an allowance for uncollectible accounts, when applicable.

#### K. Inventory and Prepaid Items

Inventories of food and/or supplies for school lunch are recorded at cost on a first-in, first-out basis or, in the case of surplus food, at stated value which approximates market. Purchases of inventoriable items in other funds are recorded as expenditures at the time of purchase, and are considered immaterial in amount.

Prepaid items represent payments made by the District for which benefits extend beyond year end. These payments to vendors reflect costs applicable to future accounting periods and are recorded as prepaid items in both the District-wide and fund financial statements. These items are reported as assets on the statement of net position or balance sheet using the consumption method. A current asset for the prepaid amounts is recorded at the time of purchase and an expense/expenditure is reported in the year the goods or services are consumed.

#### L. <u>Capital Assets</u>

In the District-wide financial statements, capital assets are accounted for at historical cost or estimated historical cost if actual is unavailable, except for donated capital assets which are recorded at their acquisition value at the date of donation.

Depreciation of all exhaustible capital assets is recorded as an allocated expense in the Statement of Activities, with accumulated depreciation reflected in the Statement of Net Position. Depreciation is provided over the assets' estimated useful lives using the straight-line method of depreciation. A capitalization threshold of \$5,000 is used to report capital assets. The range of estimated useful lives by type of assets is as follows:

	Cap	italization	Depreciation	Estimated
<u>Class</u>	<u>Tł</u>	<u>reshold</u>	<b>Method</b>	<u>Useful Life</u>
Buildings	\$	50,000	SL	15-50 Years
Machinery and Equipment	\$	5,000	SL	5-25 Years

The investment in infrastructure type assets have not been segregated for reporting purposes since all costs associated with capital projects are consolidated and reported as additions to buildings and improvements.

# M. <u>Right To Use Assets</u>

The District-wide financial statements, right-to-use-assets are reported within the major class of the underlying asset and valued at the future minimum lease payment. Amortization is between 3 and 5 years based on the contract terms and/or estimated replacement of the assets.

# N. <u>Unearned Revenue</u>

The District reports unearned revenues on its Statement of Net Position and its Balance Sheet. On the Statement of Net Position, unearned revenue arises when resources are received by the District before it has legal claim to them, as when grant monies are received prior to incurrence of qualifying expenditures. In subsequent periods, when the District has legal claim to resources, the liability for unearned revenue is removed and revenue is recognized.

# O. Deferred Outflows and Inflows of Resources

In addition to assets, the Statement of Net Position will sometimes report a separate section for deferred outflows of resources. This separate financial statement element, *deferred outflows of resources*, represents a consumption of net position that applies to a future period and so will not be recognized as an outflow of resources (expenses/expenditure) until then.

In addition to liabilities, the statement of net position will sometimes report a separate section for deferred inflows of resources. This separate financial statement element, *deferred inflows of resources*, represents an acquisition of net position that applies to a future period(s) and so will not be recognized as an inflow of resources (revenue) until that time.

#### P. Vested Employee Benefits

#### 1. <u>Compensated Absences</u>

Compensated absences consist of unpaid accumulated annual sick leave, vacation, and sabbatical time.

Sick leave eligibility and accumulation is specified in negotiated labor contracts, and in individual employment contracts. Upon retirement, resignation or death, employees may contractually receive a payment based on unused accumulated sick leave.

The District employees are granted vacation in varying amounts, based primarily on length of service and service position. Some earned benefits may be forfeited if not taken within varying time periods.

Consistent with GASB Statement 16, Accounting for Compensated Absences, the liability has been calculated using the vesting/termination method and an accrual for that liability is included in the District-wide financial statements. The compensated absences liability is calculated based on the pay rates in effect at year end.

### Q. Other Benefits

District employees participate in the New York State Employees' Retirement System and the New York State Teachers' Retirement System.

In addition to providing pension benefits, the District provides post-employment health coverage to retired employees in accordance with the provision of various employment contracts in effect at the time of retirement. Substantially all of the District's employees may become eligible for these benefits if they reach normal retirement age while working for the District. Health care benefits are provided through plans whose premiums are based on the benefits paid during the year. The cost of providing post-retirement benefits may be shared between the District and the retired employee. The District recognizes the cost of providing health insurance by recording its share of insurance premiums as an expenditure.

# R. <u>Short-Term Debt</u>

The District may issue Bond Anticipation Notes (BAN), in anticipation of proceeds from the subsequent sale of bonds. These notes are recorded as current liabilities of the funds that will actually receive the proceeds from the issuance of bonds. State law requires that a BAN issued for capital purposes be converted to long-term financing within five years after the original issue date.

### S. Accrued Liabilities and Long-Term Obligations

Payables, accrued liabilities, and long-term obligations are reported in the district-wide financial statements. In the governmental funds, payables and accrued liabilities are paid in a timely manner and in full from current financial resources. Claims and judgments, other postemployment benefits payable and compensated absences that will be paid from governmental funds are reported as a liability in the funds financial statements only to the extent that they are due for payment in the current year. Bonds and other long-term obligations that will be paid from governmental funds are recognized as a liability in the fund financial statements when due.

Long-term obligations represent the District's future obligations or future economic outflows. The liabilities are reported as due in one year or due within more than one year in the Statement of Net Position.

### T. Equity Classifications

# 1. <u>District-Wide Statements</u>

In the District-wide statements there are three classes of net position:

**a.** <u>Net Investment in Capital Assets</u> - consists of net capital assets (cost less accumulated depreciation) reduced by outstanding balances of related debt obligations from the acquisition, constructions or improvements of those assets.

**b.** <u>**Restricted Net Position**</u> - reports net position when constraints placed on the assets or deferred outflows of resources are either externally imposed by creditors (such as through debt covenants), grantors, contributors, or laws or regulations of other governments, or imposed by law through constitutional provisions or enabling legislation.

	<u>Total</u>
Retirement Contribution - ERS	\$ 411,000
Retirement Contribution - TRS	296,446
Insurance	600,000
Debt	603,845
Scholarships	23,889
Employee Benefit Accrued Liability	100,013
<b>Total Net Position - Restricted for</b>	
Other Purposes	\$ 2,035,193

**c.** <u>Unrestricted Net Position</u> - reports the balance of net position that does not meet the definition of the above two classifications. The reported deficit of \$14,871,406 at year end is the result of full implementation of GASB #75 regarding retiree health obligations.

# 2. <u>Fund Statements</u>

In the fund basis statements there are five classifications of fund balance:

**a.** <u>Nonspendable Fund Balance</u> – Includes amounts that cannot be spent because they are either not in spendable form or legally or contractually required to be maintained intact. Nonspendable fund balance includes:

	Total
Inventory in School Lunch	\$ 7,069
Prepaid Expenses	267,981
Noncurrent Receivables	 314,449
Total Nonspendable Fund Balance	\$ 589,499

**b.** <u>**Restricted Fund Balances**</u> – Includes amounts with constraints placed on the use of resources either externally imposed by creditors, grantors, contributors, or laws or regulations of other governments; or imposed by law through constitutional provisions or enabling legislation. All encumbrances of funds other than the general fund are classified as restricted fund balance. The District has established the following restricted fund balances:

**<u>Capital Reserve</u>** - According to Education Law §3651, must be used to pay the cost of any object or purpose for which bonds may be issued. The creation of a capital reserve fund requires authorization by a majority of the voters establishing the purpose of the reserve; the ultimate amount, it's probable term and the source of the funds. Expenditures may be made from the reserve only for a specific purpose further authorized by the voters. The form for required legal notice for the vote on establishing and funding the reserve and the form of the proposition to be placed on the ballot are set forth in §3651 of the Education Law. The Reserve is accounted for in the General Fund under restricted fund balance. Year end balances are as follows:

Name	Maximum	<b>Total Funding</b>	Year to Date
<u>of Reserve</u>	<b>Funding</b>	<b>Provided</b>	<b>Balance</b>
2017 Capital Reserve	\$ 5,000,000	\$ 5,000,000	\$ 3,855,000

Total

**<u>Reserve for Debt Service</u>** - According to General Municipal Law §6-1, the Reserve for Debt Service must be established for the purpose of retiring the outstanding obligations upon the sale of District property or capital improvement that was financed by obligations that remain outstanding at the time of the sale. Also, earnings on project monies invested together with unused proceeds are reported here.

**Insurance Reserve** - According to General Municipal Law §6-n, must be used to pay liability, casualty and other types of losses, except losses incurred for which the following types of insurance may be purchased: life, accident, health, annuities, fidelity and surety, credit, title residual value and mortgage guarantee. In addition, this reserve may not be used for any purpose for which a special reserve may be established pursuant to law (for example, for unemployment compensation insurance). The reserve may be established by Board action, and funded by budgetary appropriation, or such other funds as may be legally appropriated. There is no limit on the amount that may be accumulated in the Insurance Reserve, however, the annual contribution to this reserve may not exceed the greater of \$33,000 or 5% of the budget. Settled or compromised claims up to \$25,000 may be paid from the reserve without judicial approval.

**<u>Retirement Contribution Reserve</u>** - According to General Municipal Law §6-r, must be used financing retirement contributions. The reserve must be accounted for separate and apart from all other funds and a detailed report of the operation and condition of the fund must be provided to the Board.

**Teachers' Retirement Reserve** – General Municipal Law §6r was amended to include a Teachers' Retirement Reserve (TRS) sub-fund. The reserve has an annual funding limit of 2% of the prior year TRS salaries and a maximum cumulative total balance of 10% of the previous year's TRS salary.

**Unemployment Insurance Reserve** - According to General Municipal Law §6m, must be used to pay the cost of reimbursement to the State Unemployment Insurance Fund for payments made to claimants where the employer has elected to use the benefit reimbursement method. The reserve may be established by Board action and is funded by budgetary appropriations and such other funds as may be legally appropriated. Within sixty days after the end of any fiscal year, excess amounts may either be transferred to another reserve or the excess applied to the appropriations of the next succeeding fiscal year's budget. If the District elects to convert to tax (contribution) basis, excess resources in the fund over the sum sufficient to pay pending claims may be transferred to any other reserve fund.

**Employee Benefit Accrued Liability Reserve** - According to General Municipal Law §6-p, must be used for the payment of accrued employee benefits due to an employee upon termination of the employee's service. This reserve may be established by a majority vote of the Board, and is funded by budgetary appropriations and such other reserves and funds that may be legally appropriated.

**Encumbrances** - Encumbrance accounting, under which purchase orders, contracts and other commitments of expenditures are recorded for budgetary control purposes in order to reserve applicable appropriations, is employed as a control in preventing over-expenditure of established appropriations. Open encumbrances are reported as restricted fund balance in all funds other than the General Fund and the School Lunch Fund, since they do not constitute expenditures or liabilities and will be honored through budget appropriations in the subsequent year.

Restricted fund balances include the following:

	<u>Total</u>
<u>General Fund -</u>	
Unemployment Costs	\$ 1,547,946
Retirement Contribution - ERS	411,000
Retirement Contribution - TRS	296,446
Insurance	600,000
Capital Reserves	3,855,000
Employee Benefit Accrued Liability	100,013
Miscellaneous Special Revenue Fund -	
Scholarships	23,889
<u>Debt Service Fund -</u>	
Debt Service	603,845
<b>Total Restricted Fund Balance</b>	\$ 7,438,139

The District appropriated and/or budgeted funds from the following reserves for the 2022-23 budget:

	<u>Total</u>
Unemployment Costs	\$ 50,000
Retirement Contribution	 125,000
Total	\$ 175,000

**c.** <u>**Committed</u>** - Includes amounts that can only be used for the specific purposes pursuant to constraints imposed by formal action of the school districts highest level of decision making authority, i.e., the Board of Education. The District has no committed fund balances as of June 30, 2022.</u>

**d.** <u>Assigned Fund Balance</u> – Includes amounts that are constrained by the District's intent to be used for specific purposes but are neither restricted nor committed. All encumbrances of the General Fund are classified as assigned fund balance. Encumbrances represent purchase commitments made by the District's purchasing agent through their authorization of a purchase order prior to year-end. The District assignment is based on the functional level of expenditures.

Management has determined significant encumbrances for the General Fund to be \$34,000, and the Capital Projects Fund to be \$1,500, and Special Aid Fund to be \$3,000.

<u> Special Aid Fund -</u>	
Instructional	\$ 4,445

Assigned fund balances include the following:

	<u>Total</u>
General Fund - Encumbrances	\$ 22,406
Special Aid Fund - Recreation Center	24,152
School Lunch Fund - Year End Equity	 131,634
<b>Total Assigned Fund Balance</b>	\$ 178,192

e. <u>Unassigned Fund Balance</u> –Includes all other general fund amounts that do not meet the definition of the above four classifications and are deemed to be available for general use by the school district and could report a surplus or deficit. In funds other than the general fund, the unassigned classification is used to report a deficit fund balance resulting from overspending for specific purposes for which amounts had been restricted or assigned.

NYS Real Property Tax Law 1318 limits the amount of unexpended surplus funds a school district can retain to no more than 4% of the District's budget for the general fund for the ensuing fiscal year. Nonspendable and restricted fund balance of the general fund are excluded from the 4% limitation. Amounts appropriated for the subsequent year and encumbrances are also excluded from the 4% limitation.

#### 3. Order of Use of Fund Balance

The District's policy is to apply expenditures against nonspendable fund balance, restricted fund balance, committed fund balance, assigned fund balance, and unassigned fund balance at the end of the fiscal year. For all funds, nonspendable fund balances are determined first and then restricted fund balances for specific purposes are determined. Any remaining fund balance amounts for funds other than the general fund are classified as restricted fund balance. In the general fund, the remaining amounts are reported as unassigned. Assignments of fund balance cannot cause a negative unassigned fund balance.

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# U. <u>New Accounting Standards</u>

The District has adopted all current Statements of the Governmental Accounting Standards Board (GASB) that are applicable. At June 30, 2022, the District implemented the following new standards issued by GASB:

GASB has issued Statement 87, Leases

GASB has issued Statement 89, Accounting for Interest Cost Incurred before the End of a Construction Period

GASB has issued Statement No. 92, Omnibus 2020, Paragraphs 6, 7, 8, 9, 10, 12

GASB has issued Statement No. 93, Replacement of Interbank Offered Rates, Paragraphs 13 and

GASB has issued Statement No. 97, Certain Component Unit Criteria, and Accounting and Financial Reporting for Internal Revenue Code Section 457 Deferred Compensation Plans

GASB has issued Statement No. 98, The Annual Comprehensive Financial Report

#### V. <u>Future Changes in Accounting Standards</u>

GASB has issued Statement No. 91, *Conduit Debt Obligations*, which will be effective for reporting periods beginning after December 15, 2021.

GASB has issued Statement No. 93, *Replacement of Interbank Offered Rates, Paragraphs 1-11a, and 12*, which will be effective for reporting periods beginning after June 15, 2020.

GASB has issued Statement No. 94, *Public-Privatee and Public-Public Partnerships and Availability Payment Arrangements*, which will be effective for reporting periods beginning after June 15, 2022.

GASB has issued Statement No. 96, *Subscription Based Information Technology*, which will be effective for reporting periods beginning after June 15, 2022.

GASB has issued Statement No. 101, *Compensated Absences*, which will be effective for reporting periods beginning after December 15, 2023.

The District will evaluate the impact each of these pronouncements may have on its financial statements and will implement them as applicable and when material.

### II. <u>Restatement of Net Position</u>

	Gove	<b>Government-Wide</b>	
	<b>Statements</b>		
Net position beginning of year, as previously stated	\$	5,099,947	
Right to use assets		655,712	
Accumulated amortization		(249,129)	
Lease liability		(85,363)	
Net position beginning of year, as restated	\$	5,421,167	

For the year ended June 30, 2022, the District implemented GASB Statement No. 87, *Leases*. The District's net position has been restated as follows:

#### III. Changes in Accounting Principles

For the year ended June 30, 2022, the District implemented GASB Statement No. 87, *Leases*. The implementation of the statement changes the reporting for leases. See Note II for the financial statement impact of implementation of the Statement.

### IV. Stewardship, Compliance and Accountability

By its nature as a local government unit, the District is subject to various federal, state and local laws and contractual regulations. An analysis of the District's compliance with significant laws and regulations and demonstration of its stewardship over District resources follows.

#### A. <u>Budgets</u>

The District administration prepares a proposed budget for approval by the Board of Education for the General Fund.

The voters of the District approved the proposed appropriation budget.

Appropriations established by adoption of the budget constitute a limitation on expenditures (and encumbrances) which may be incurred. Appropriations lapse at the end of the fiscal year unless expended or encumbrances will lapse if not expended in the subsequent year. Appropriations authorized for the current year are increased by the planned use of specific reserves, and budget amendments approved by the Board of Education as a result of selected new revenue sources not included in the original budget (when permitted by law). These supplemental appropriations may occur subject to legal restriction, if the Board approves them because of a need which exists which was not determined at the time the budget was adopted. The budget was increased during 2021-22 by \$101,313 for carryover encumbrances.

Budgets are adopted annually on a basis consistent with GAAP. Appropriations authorized for the year are increased by the amount of encumbrances carried forward from the prior year.

Budgets are established and used for individual capital projects fund expenditures as approved by a special referendum of the District's voters. The maximum project amount authorized is based primarily upon the cost of the project, plus any requirements for external borrowings, not annual appropriations. These budgets do not lapse and are carried over to subsequent fiscal years until the completion of the projects.

# B. Encumbrances

Encumbrance accounting is used for budget control and monitoring purposes and is reported as a part of the governmental funds. Under this method, purchase orders, contracts, and other commitments for the expenditure of monies are recorded to reserve applicable appropriations. Outstanding encumbrances as of year-end are presented as reservations of fund balance and do not represent expenditures or liabilities. These commitments will be honored in the subsequent period. Related expenditures are recognized at that time, as the liability is incurred, or the commitment is paid.

#### C. <u>Deficit Fund Balance – Capital Projects Fund</u>

The Capital Projects Fund had a deficit unassigned fund balance of \$576,357 at June 30, 2022, which is a result of bond anticipation notes which are used as a temporary means of financing capital projects. These proceeds are not recognized as revenue but merely serve to provide cash to meet expenditures. This results in the creation of a fund deficit which will remain until the notes are replaced by permanent financing (i.e., bonds, grants-in-aid, or redemption from current appropriations).

# V. <u>Cash and Cash Equivalents</u>

**Credit risk:** In compliance with the State Law, District investments are limited to obligations of the United States of America, obligations guaranteed by agencies of the Unites States of America where the payment of principal and interest are guaranteed by the United States of America, obligations of the State, time deposit accounts and certificates of deposit issued by a bank or trust company located in, and authorized to do business in, the State, and obligations issued by other municipalities and authorities within the State.

**Concentration of Credit risk:** To promote competition in rates and service cost, and to limit the risk of institutional failure, District deposits and investments are placed with multiple institutions. The District's investment policy limits the amounts that may be deposited with any one financial institution.

**Interest rate risk:** The District has an investment policy that limits investment maturities as a means of managing its exposure to fair value losses arising from rising interest rates.

The District's aggregate bank balances (disclosed in the financial statements), included balances not covered by depository insurance at year end, collateralized as follows:

Uncollateralized	\$ -
Collateralized with Securities held by the Pledging	
Financial Institution	6,483,635
Collateralized within Trust Department or Agent	1,167,594
Total	\$ 7,651,229

Restricted cash represents cash where use is limited by legal requirements. These assets represent amounts required by statute to be reserved for various purposes. Restricted cash as of year-end includes \$7,438,139 within the governmental funds and \$123,847 in the fiduciary funds.

#### VI. <u>Receivables</u>

Receivables at June 30, 2022 for individual major funds and nonmajor funds, including the applicable allowances for uncollectible accounts, are as follows:

	Governmental Activities									
General		General Special Aid C		Capi	<b>Capital Projects</b>		ool Lunch			
Description	F	und		Fund		<b>Fund</b>		<u>Fund</u>		<u>Total</u>
Accounts Receivable	\$	-	\$	406	\$	-	\$	4,984	\$	5,390
Due From State and Federal		283,672		251,935		223,833		100,899		860,339
Due From Other Governments	1,	198,571		-		-		-		1,198,571
Allowance for Uncollectible Acounts		-				-		(4,984)		(4,984)
Total Receivables	\$ 1,4	482,243	\$	252,341	\$	223,833	\$	100,899	\$	2,059,316

#### VII. Interfund Receivables, Payables, Revenues, and Expenditures

Interfund Receivables, Payables, Revenues, and Expenditures at June 30, 2022 were as follows:

		Inter	rfund	
	<b>Receivables</b>	<b>Payables</b>	Revenues	<b>Expenditures</b>
General Fund	\$ 1,101,220	\$ 1,202	\$ 63,685	\$ 118,885
Special Aid Fund	1,314,995	1,569,085	9,938	135,951
Capital Projects Fund	93,943	1,130,064	244,898	63,685
Nonmajor Funds	190,193	-	-	-
Total	\$ 2,700,351	\$ 2,700,351	\$ 318,521	\$ 318,521

Interfund receivables and payables between governmental activities are eliminated on the Statement of Net Position. The District typically loans resources between funds for the purpose of mitigating the effects of transient cash flow issues. All interfund payables are not necessarily expected to be repaid within one year.

Transfers are used to finance certain special aid programs, support capital project expenditures, school lunch programs and debt service expenditures.

## VIII. Capital Assets and Lease Assets

## A. <u>Capital Assets</u>

Capital asset balances and activity were as follows:

		Balance						Balance
Type	<u>7/1/2021</u>		<u>Additions</u>		Deletions		<u>6/30/2022</u>	
<b>Governmental Activities:</b>								
Capital Assets that are not Depreciated -								
Land	\$	52,600	\$	-	\$	-	\$	52,600
Work in progress		8,192,886		244,898		8,301,833		135,951
Total Nondepreciable	\$	8,245,486	\$	244,898	\$	8,301,833	\$	188,551
Capital Assets that are Depreciated -								
Buildings and Improvements	\$	43,160,396	\$	8,175,089	\$	-	\$	51,335,485
Machinery and equipment		3,181,957		342,268		242,503		3,281,722
Total Depreciated Assets	\$	46,342,353	\$	8,517,357	\$	242,503	\$	54,617,207
Less Accumulated Depreciation -								
Buildings and Improvements	\$	22,263,724	\$	1,177,353	\$	-	\$	23,441,077
Machinery and equipment		1,793,236		294,767		227,363		1,860,640
Total Accumulated Depreciation	\$	24,056,960	\$	1,472,120	\$	227,363	\$	25,301,717
Total Capital Assets Depreciated, Net								
of Accumulated Depreciation	\$	22,285,393	\$	7,045,237	\$	15,140	\$	29,315,490
<b>Total Capital Assets</b>	\$	30,530,879	\$	7,290,135	\$	8,316,973	\$	29,504,041

## B. <u>Lease Assets</u>

A summary of the lease asset activity during the year ended June 30, 2022 is as follows:

	]	Balance					]	Balance
Type	7/1/2021		Additions		<b>Deletions</b>		<u>6/30/2022</u>	
Lease Assets:								
Equipment	\$	655,712	\$	161,262	\$	67,817	\$	749,157
Total Lease Assets	\$	655,712	\$	161,262	\$	67,817	\$	749,157
Less Accumulated Amortization -								
Equipment	\$	249,129	\$	145,555	\$	67,817	\$	326,867
Total Accumulated Amortization	\$	249,129	\$	145,555	\$	67,817	\$	326,867
Total Lease Assets, Net	\$	406,583	\$	15,707	\$	-	\$	422,290
			-					

C. Other capital assets (net depreciation and amortization):

Depreciated Capital Assets, net	\$ 29,315,490
Amortized Lease Assets, net	 422,290
Total Other Capital Assets, net	\$ 29,737,780

## (VIII.) (Continued)

**D**. Depreciation/Amortization expense for the period was charged to functions/programs as follows:

<b>Governmental Activities:</b>	<b>Depreciation</b>	<b>Amortization</b>	<u>Total</u>
General Government Support	\$ 38,604	\$ -	\$ 38,604
Instruction	1,106,895	145,555	1,252,450
Pupil Transportation	250,154	-	250,154
School Lunch	76,467		76,467
<b>Total Depreciation</b>			
and Amortization Expense	\$ 1,472,120	\$ 145,555	\$ 1,617,675

## IX. <u>Short-Term Debt</u>

Transactions in short-term debt for the year are summarized below:

		Interest	]	Balance					I	Balance
	<u>Maturity</u>	<u>Rate</u>	7	//1/2021	A	<u>dditions</u>	Ľ	<u>Deletions</u>	<u>6</u> /	/30/2022
BAN	2022	2.00%	\$	195,000	\$	-	\$	195,000	\$	-
BAN	2022	1.00%		330,000		-		330,000		-
BAN	2022	1.00%		185,000		-		185,000		-
BAN	2023	0.29%		-		620,000		-		620,000
Total Sho	ort-Term Debt		\$	710,000	\$	620,000	\$	710,000	\$	620,000

A summary of the short-term interest expense for the year is as follows:

(4,958)
1,378
4,831

## X. Long-Term Debt Obligations

Long-term liability balances and activity for the year are summarized below:

	Balance <u>7/1/2021</u>	<u>A</u>	<u>lditions</u>	]	<u>Deletions</u>	Balance 6/30/2022	~	ue Within <u>One Year</u>
<b>Governmental Activities:</b>								
<b>Bonds and Notes Payable -</b>								
Serial Bonds	\$ 11,425,000	\$	-	\$	1,810,000	\$ 9,615,000	\$	1,850,000
Lease Liability	85,363		-		25,065	60,298		25,528
Unamortized Bond Premium	589,765		-		79,222	510,543		72,820
Energy Performance Contracts	2,336,621		-		136,743	2,199,878		140,847
<b>Total Bonds and Notes Payable</b>	\$ 14,436,749	\$	-	\$	2,051,030	\$ 12,385,719	\$	2,089,195
Other Liabilities -								
Net Pension Liability	\$ 1,266,212	\$	-	\$	1,266,212	\$ -	\$	-
OPEB	19,158,180				149,141	19,009,039		-
Compensated Absences	113,800		48,661		-	162,461		62,448
<b>Total Other Liabilities</b>	\$ 20,538,192	\$	48,661	\$	1,415,353	\$ 19,171,500	\$	62,448
<b>Total Long-Term Obligations</b>	\$ 34,974,941	\$	48,661	\$	3,466,383	\$ 31,557,219	\$	2,151,643

The General Fund has typically been used to liquidate long-term liabilities such as compensated absences.

Existing serial and statutory bond obligations:

Original <u>Amount</u>	Issue <u>Date</u>	Final <u>Maturity</u>	Interest <u>Rate</u>	Amount Outstanding <u>6/30/2022</u>
<b>* * * * * *</b>	••••			<b>* * * * * * * * * *</b>
\$ 1,602,000	2010	2026	2.5%-4.0%	\$ 480,000
\$ 2,225,000	2010	2024	2.5%-3.5%	310,000
\$ 149,680	2013	2029	2.8%-4.3%	75,000
\$ 8,975,000	2014	2025	2.00%-3.25%	2,430,000
\$ 2,510,000	2015	2027	2%-4%	1,220,000
\$ 3,340,000	2015	2030	2%-3%	1,915,000
\$ 3,685,000	2020	2035	5.00%	3,185,000
				\$ 9,615,000
\$ 2,469,380	2019	2035	2.98%	\$ 2,199,878
\$ 132,083	2020	2025	1.83%	\$ 60,298
	Amount         \$ 1,602,000         \$ 2,225,000         \$ 149,680         \$ 8,975,000         \$ 2,510,000         \$ 3,340,000         \$ 3,685,000         \$ 2,469,380	AmountDate\$ 1,602,0002010\$ 2,225,0002010\$ 149,6802013\$ 8,975,0002014\$ 2,510,0002015\$ 3,340,0002015\$ 3,685,0002020\$ 2,469,3802019	AmountDateMaturity\$ 1,602,00020102026\$ 2,225,00020102024\$ 149,68020132029\$ 8,975,00020142025\$ 2,510,00020152027\$ 3,340,00020152030\$ 3,685,00020202035	AmountDateMaturityRate\$ 1,602,000201020262.5%-4.0%\$ 2,225,000201020242.5%-3.5%\$ 149,680201320292.8%-4.3%\$ 8,975,000201420252.00%-3.25%\$ 2,510,000201520272%-4%\$ 3,340,000201520302%-3%\$ 3,685,000202020355.00%\$ 2,469,380201920352.98%

## (X.) (Continued)

	Serial	Bonds	Energy Perform	nance Contract	Lea	ases	
<u>Year</u>	<b>Principal</b>	Interest	<b>Principal</b>	<u>Interest</u>	<b>Principal</b>	<b>Interest</b>	
2023	\$ 1,850,000	\$ 359,522	\$ 140,847	\$ 64,493	\$ 25,528	\$ 889	
2024	1,810,000	299,197	145,074	60,266	25,998	419	
2025	1,760,000	239,766	149,428	55,912	8,772	33	
2026	770,000	176,823	153,912	51,428	-	-	
2027	710,000	147,698	158,532	46,808	-	-	
2028-32	1,900,000	424,325	866,947	159,753	-	-	
2033-35	815,000	82,750	585,138	30,881	-	-	
Total	\$ 9,615,000	\$ 1,730,081	\$ 2,199,878	\$ 469,541	\$ 60,298	\$ 1,341	

The following is a summary of debt service requirements:

In prior years, the District defeased certain general obligations and other bonds by placing the proceeds of new bonds in an irrevocable trust to provide for all future debt service payments on the old bonds. Accordingly, the trust account assets and the liability for the defeased bonds are not included in the District's financial statements. \$1,650,000 of bonds outstanding are considered defeased.

Interest on long-term debt for June 30, 2022 was composed of:

Interest Paid	\$ 485,652
Less: Interest Accrued in the Prior Year	(20,222)
Less: Amortized Bond Premium	(79,222)
Plus: Refunding Bond Amortization	43,326
Plus: Interest Accrued in the Current Year	 17,712
Total Long-Term Interest Expense	\$ 447,246

#### XI. Deferred Inflows/Outflows of Resources

The following is a summary of the deferred inflows/outflows of resources:

	Deferred	Deferred			
	<b>Outflows</b>	<b>Inflows</b>			
Pension	\$ 5,324,982	\$ 9,927,855			
Bonds	136,730	-			
OPEB	1,430,766	2,087,079			
Total	\$ 6,892,478	\$ 12,014,934			

#### XII. <u>Pension Plans</u>

#### A. <u>General Information</u>

The District participates in the New York State Teachers' Retirement System (TRS) and the New York State and Local Employees' Retirement System (ERS). These are cost-sharing multiple employer public employee retirement systems. The Systems offer a wide range of plans and benefits, which are related to years of service and final average salary, vesting of retirement benefits, death, and disability.

#### B. <u>Provisions and Administration</u>

A 10-member Board of Trustees of the New York State Teachers' Retirement Board administers TRS. TRS provides benefits to plan members and beneficiaries as authorized by the Education Law and the New York State Retirement and Social Security Law (NYSRSSL). Membership is mandatory and automatic for all full-time teachers, teaching assistants, guidance counselors and administrators employed in New York Public Schools and BOCES who elected to participate in TRS. Once a public employer elects to participate in the system, the election is irrevocable. The New York State Constitution provides that pension membership is a contractual relationship and plan benefits cannot be diminished or impaired. Benefits can be changed for future members only by enactment of a State statute. TRS issues a publicly available financial report that contains financial statements and required supplementary information. The report may be obtained by writing to NYRS, 10 Corporate Woods Drive, Albany, New York 12211-2395 or by referring to the TRS Comprehensive Annual Financial report, which can be found on the System's website at <u>www.nystrs.org</u>.

ERS provides retirement benefits as well as death and disability benefits. The net position of the System is held in the New York State Common Retirement Fund (the Fund), which was established to hold all net assets and record changes in plan net position allocated to the System. The Comptroller of the State of New York serves as the trustee of the Fund and is the administrative head of the System. NYSRSSL govern obligations of employers and employees to contribute, and benefits to employees. Once a public employer elects to participate in the System, the election is irrevocable. The New York State Constitution provides that pension membership is a contractual relationship and plan benefits cannot be diminished or impaired. Benefits can be changed for future members only by enactment of a State statute. The District also participates in the Public Employees' Group Life Insurance Plan (GLIP), which provides death benefits in the form of life insurance. The System is included in the State's financial report as a pension trust fund. ERS issues a publicly available financial report that includes financial statements and required supplementary information. That report may be obtained by writing to NYSERS, Office of the State Comptroller, 110 State Street, Albany, New York 12244 or by referring to the ERS Comprehensive Annual Report, which can be found at www.osc.state.ny.us/retire/publications/index.php.

#### C. <u>Funding Policies</u>

The Systems are noncontributory except for employees who joined after July 27, 1976, who contribute 3 percent of their salary for the first ten years of membership, and employees who joined on or after January 1, 2010 who generally contribute 3.0 to 3.5 percent of their salary for their entire length of service. In addition, employee contribution rates under ERS tier VI vary based on a sliding salary scale. For TRS, contribution rates are established annually by the New York State Teachers' Retirement Board pursuant to Article 11 of the Education Law. For ERS, the Comptroller annually certifies the actuarially determined rates expressly used in computing the employers' contributions for the ERS' fiscal year ended March 31. The District paid 100% of the required contributions as billed by the TRS and ERS for the current year.

#### (XII.) (Continued)

The District's share of the required contributions, based on covered payroll paid for the District's year ended June 30, 2022:

<b>Contributions</b>	<u>ERS</u>	TRS
2022	\$ 300,351	\$ 827,019

#### D. <u>Pension Liabilities, Pension Expense, and Deferred Outflows of Resources and Deferred Inflows</u> of Resources related to Pensions

At June 30, 2022, the District reported the following asset/(liability) for its proportionate share of the net pension asset/(liability) for each of the Systems. The net pension asset/(liability) was measured as of March 31, 2022 for ERS and June 30, 2021 for TRS. The total pension asset/(liability) used to calculate the net pension asset/(liability) was determined by an actuarial valuation. The District's proportion of the net pension asset/(liability) was based on a projection of the District's long-term share of contributions to the Systems relative to the projected contributions of all participating members, actuarially determined. This information was provided by the TRS and ERS Systems in reports provided to the District.

		ERS		<u>TRS</u>
Measurement date	Mar	ch 31, 2022	Ju	ne 30, 2021
Net pension assets/(liability)	\$	500,785	\$	7,322,327
District's portion of the Plan's total				
net pension asset/(liability)		0.006%		0.042%

For the year ended June 30, 2022, the District recognized pension expenses of \$19,735 for ERS and (\$413,367) for TRS. At June 30, 2022 the District's reported deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to pensions from the following sources:

	Deferred Outflows of Resources		Deferred Inflo of Resource				
		ERS	<u>TRS</u>		ERS		TRS
Differences between expected and							
actual experience	\$	37,925	\$ 1,009,305	\$	49,191	\$	38,043
Changes of assumptions		835,753	2,408,466		14,102		426,504
Net difference between projected and							
actual earnings on pension plan							
investments		-	-		1,639,860		7,663,572
Changes in proportion and differences							
between the District's contributions and							
proportionate share of contributions		59,672	 158,799		42,273		54,310
Subtotal	\$	933,350	\$ 3,576,570	\$	1,745,426	\$	8,182,429
District's contributions subsequent to the							
measurement date		64,141	 750,921		-		-
Grand Total	\$	997,491	\$ 4,327,491	\$	1,745,426	\$	8,182,429

#### (XII.) (Continued)

District contributions subsequent to the measurement date which will be recognized as a reduction of the net pension liability in the year ended June 30, 2022. Other amounts reported as deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to pensions will be recognized in pension expense as follows:

<u>Year</u>	<u>ERS</u>	<u>TRS</u>
2022	\$ -	\$ (938,803)
2023	(121,712)	(1,097,831)
2024	(181,916)	(1,381,531)
2025	(424,692)	(1,816,935)
2026	(83,756)	370,731
Thereafter	 -	 258,510
Total	\$ (812,076)	\$ (4,605,859)

#### E. Actuarial Assumptions

The total pension liability as of the measurement date was determined by using an actuarial valuation as noted in the table below, with update procedures used to roll forward the total pension liability to the measurement date. The actuarial valuations used the following actuarial assumptions:

	ERS	TRS
Measurement date	March 31, 2022	June 30, 2021
Actuarial valuation date	April 1, 2021	June 30, 2020
Interest rate	5.90%	6.95%
Salary scale	4.40%	5.18% - 1.95%
Decrement tables	April 1, 2015- March 31, 2020 System's Experience	July 1, 2015 - June 30, 2020 System's Experience
Inflation rate	2.70%	2.40%
COLA's	1.40%	1.30%

For ERS, annuitant mortality rates are based on April 1, 2015 – March 31, 2020 System experience with adjustments for mortality improvements based on the Society of Actuaries' Scale MP-2019. For TRS, annuitant mortality rates are based on plan member experience adjustments for mortality improvements based on Society of Actuaries Scale MP-2019.

The long-term rate of return on pension plan investments was determined using a building block method in which best estimate ranges of expected future real rates of return (expected returns net of investment expense and inflation) are developed for each major asset class. These ranges are combined to produce the long term expected rate of return by weighting the expected future real rates of return by the target asset allocation percentage and by adding expected inflation. Best estimates of the arithmetic real rates of return for each major asset class included in the target asset allocation as of March 31, 2022 are summarized as follows:

Long Term Expected Rate of Return			
	ERS	TRS	
Measurement date	March 31, 2022	June 30, 2021	
<u>Asset Type -</u>			
Domestic equity	3.30%	6.80%	
International equity	5.85%	7.60%	
Global equity	0.00%	7.10%	
Private equity	6.50%	10.00%	
Real estate	5.00%	6.50%	
Absolute return strategies *	4.10%	0.00%	
Opportunistic portfolios	4.10%	0.00%	
Real assets	5.58%	0.00%	
Bonds and mortgages	0.00%	80.00%	
Cash	-1.00%	-20.00%	
Inflation-indexed bonds	-1.00%	0.00%	
Private debt	0.00%	5.90%	
Real estate debt	0.00%	3.30%	
High-yield fixed income securities	0.00%	3.80%	
Domestic fixed income securities	0.00%	1.30%	
Global fixed income securities	0.00%	0.00%	
Short-term	0.00%	0.00%	
Credit	3.78%	0.00%	

The real rate of return is net of the long-term inflation assumption of 2.50% for ERS and 2.40% for TRS

\* Excludes equity-oriented long-only funds. For investment management purposes, these funds are included in domestic equity and internal equity.

#### F. <u>Discount Rate</u>

The discount rate used to calculate the total pension liability was 5.9% for ERS and 6.95% for TRS. The projection of cash flows used to determine the discount rate assumes that contributions from plan members will be made at the current contribution rates and that contributions from employers will be made at statutorily required rates, actuarially. Based upon the assumptions, the Systems' fiduciary net position was projected to be available to make all projected future benefit payments of current plan members. Therefore, the long term expected rate of return on pension plan investments was applied to all periods of projected benefit payments to determine the total pension liability.

## (XII.) (Continued)

## G. <u>Sensitivity of the Net Pension Liability to the Discount Rate Assumption</u>

The following presents the District's proportionate share of the net pension liability calculated using the discount rate of 5.9% for ERS and 6.95% for TRS, as well as what the District's proportionate share of the net pension asset/(liability) would be if it were calculated using a discount rate that is 1-percentagepoint lower (4.9% for ERS and 5.95% for TRS) or 1-percentage-point higher (6.9% for ERS and 7.95% for TRS) than the current assumption :

ERS Employer's proportionate share of the net pension		) Decrease <u>4.90%)</u>	As	Current sumption <u>5.90%)</u>	- /	% Increase ( <u>6.90%)</u>
asset (liability)	\$	(1,289,014)	\$	500,785	\$	1,997,865
<u>TRS</u> Employer's proportionate	- / •	Decrease 5.95%)	As	Current sumption <u>6.95%)</u>	- /	% Increase <u>(7.95%)</u>
share of the net pension asset (liability)	\$	768,371	\$	7,322,327	\$	12,380,450

#### H. <u>Pension Plan Fiduciary Net Position</u>

The components of the current year net pension asset/(liability) of the employers as of the respective valuation dates, were as follows:

	(In Thousands)			
	ERS	TRS		
Measurement date	March 31, 2022	June 30, 2021		
Employers' total pension liability	\$ 223,874,888	\$ 130,819,415		
Plan net position	232,049,473	148,148,457		
Employers' net pension asset/(liability)	\$ 8,174,585	\$ 17,329,042		
Ratio of plan net position to the employers' total pension asset/(liability)	103.65%	113.25%		

#### (XII.) (Continued)

#### I. Payables to the Pension Plan

For ERS, employer contributions are paid annually based on the System's fiscal year which ends on March 31<sup>st</sup>. Accrued retirement contributions as of June 30, 2022 represent the projected employer contribution for the period of April 1, 2020 through June 30, 2022 based on paid ERS wages multiplied by the employer's contribution rate, by tier. Accrued retirement contributions as of June 30, 2022 amounted to \$64,141.

For TRS, employer and employee contributions for the fiscal year ended June 30, 2022 are paid to the System in September, October and November 2022 through a state aid intercept. Accrued retirement contributions as of June 30, 2022 represent employee and employer contributions for the fiscal year ended June 30, 2022 based on paid TRS wages multiplied by the employer's contribution rate, by tier and employee contributions for the fiscal year as reported to the TRS System. Accrued retirement contributions as of June 30, 2022 amounted to \$827,019.

#### XIII. Postemployment Benefits

#### A. <u>General Information About the OPEB Plan</u>

*Plan Description* – The District's defined benefit OPEB plan, provides OPEB for all permanent full-time general and public safety employees of the District. The plan is a single employer defined benefit OPEB plan administered by the District. Article 11 of the State Compiled Statutes grants the authority to establish and amend the benefit terms and financing requirements to the District Board. No assets are accumulated in a trust that meets the criteria in paragraph 4 of Statement 75.

*Benefits Provided* – The District provides healthcare and life insurance benefits for retirees and their dependents. The benefit terms are dependent on which contract each employee falls under. The specifics of each contract are on file at the District offices and are available upon request.

*Employees Covered by Benefit Terms* – At March 31, 2022, the following employees were covered by the benefit terms:

Inactive employees or beneficiaries currently receiving benefit payments	160
Active Employees	161
Total	321

#### B. <u>Total OPEB Liability</u>

The District's total OPEB liability of \$19,009,039 was measured as of March 31, 2022, and was determined by an actuarial valuation as of that date.

Actuarial Assumptions and Other Inputs – The total OPEB liability in the June 30, 2022 actuarial valuation was determined using the following actuarial assumptions and other inputs, applied to all periods included in the measurement, unless otherwise specified:

#### (XIII.) (Continued)

Inflation	2.44 percent
Salary Increases	3.44 percent, average, including inflation
Discount Rate	2.83 percent
Healthcare Cost Trend Rates	Initial rate of 6.10% decreasing to an ultimate rate of 4.37%
Retirees' Share of Benefit-Related Costs	Varies depending on contract

The discount rate was based on a tax exempt, high-quality 20-year tax-exempt general obligation municipal bond yield or index rate.

Mortality rates were based on the 2015 NYSTRS retirement rates, as appropriate, with adjustments for mortality improvements based on Scale AA.

#### C. <u>Changes in the Total OPEB Liability</u>

Balance at June 30, 2021	\$ 19,158,180
Changes for the Year -	
Service cost	\$ 489,413
Interest	434,202
Changes of benefit terms	(8,440)
Differences between expected and actual experience	1,194,438
Changes in assumptions or other inputs	(1,738,994)
Benefit payments	 (519,760)
Net Changes	\$ (149,141)
Balance at June 30, 2022	\$ 19,009,039

There were no changes in benefit terms.

The Single Discount Rate changed from 2.27% for June 30, 2021 to 2.83% effective June 30, 2022.

Sensitivity of the Total OPEB Liability to Changes in the Discount Rate – The following presents the total OPEB liability of the District, as well as what the District's total OPEB liability would be if it were calculated using a discount rate that is 1-percentage-point lower (1.83 percent) or 1-percentage-point higher (3.83 percent) than the current discount rate:

		Discount	
	1% Decrease	Rate	1% Increase
	<u>(1.83%)</u>	<u>(2.83%)</u>	<u>(3.83%)</u>
Total OPEB Liability	\$ 22,454,888	\$ 19,009,039	\$ 16,304,952

Sensitivity of the Total OPEB Liability to Changes in the Healthcare Cost Trend Rates – The following presents the total OPEB liability of the District, as well as what the District's total OPEB liability would be if it were calculated using healthcare cost trend rates that are 1-percentage-point lower (5.10 percent decreasing to 3.37 percent) or 1-percentage-point higher (7.10 percent decreasing to 5.37 percent) than the current healthcare cost trend rate:

		Healthcare	
	1% Decrease	<b>Cost Trend Rates</b>	1% Increase
	(5.10%)	(6.10%	(7.10%
	Decreasing	Decreasing	Decreasing
	to 3.37%)	<u>to 4.37%)</u>	<u>to 5.37%)</u>
Total OPEB Liability	\$ 15,913,442	\$ 19,009,039	\$ 23,034,949

### D. <u>OPEB Expense and Deferred Outflows of Resources and Deferred Inflows of Resources</u> Related to OPEB

For the year ended June 30, 2022, the District recognized OPEB expense of \$395,017. At June 30, 2022, the District reported deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to OPEB from the following sources:

	red Outflows Resources	erred Inflows Resources
Differences between expected and		
actual experience	\$ 973,320	\$ 450,005
Changes of assumptions	327,506	1,637,074
Contributions after measurement date	129,940	-
Total	\$ 1,430,766	\$ 2,087,079

Amounts reported as deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to OPEB will be recognized in OPEB expense as follows:

<u>Year</u>	
2023	\$ (400,564)
2024	(259,287)
2025	(90,287)
2026	 (36,115)
Total	\$ (786,253)

#### XIV. Risk Management

#### A. <u>General Information</u>

The District is exposed to various risks of loss related to injuries to employees, theft, damages, natural disasters, etc. These risks are covered by commercial insurance purchased from independent third parties. Settled claims from these risks have not exceeded commercial insurance coverage for the past two years.

#### B. Pool, Non-Risk Retained

For its employee health and accident insurance coverage, the District is a participant in the Cayuga-Onondaga School Employees Healthcare Plan, a public entity risk pool operated for the benefit of eight individual governmental units located within the Cayuga-Onondaga BOCES district. The District pays an annual premium to the plan for this health and accident insurance coverage. The Cayuga-Onondaga School Employees Healthcare Plan is considered a self-sustaining risk pool that will provide coverage for its members up to \$200,000 per insured event. The Cayuga-Onondaga School Employees Healthcare Plan obtains independent coverage for insured events in excess of \$200,000 and the District has essentially transferred all related risk to the plan.

#### XV. Commitments and Contingencies

#### A. Litigation

There is no litigation pending against the District as of the balance sheet date.

#### B. <u>Grants</u>

The District has received grants, which are subject to audit by agencies of the State and Federal Governments. Such audits may result in disallowances and a request for a return of funds. Based on prior years' experience, the District's administration believes disallowances, if any, will be immaterial.

#### XVI. School Lunch Contract

For the year ended June 30, 2022, the District was engaged in a contract with Chartwells Dining Service, for the purpose operating the school lunch program. The terms of the contract specify that all governmental subsidies and commodities will be made available to the management company to utilize in the program. The District is entitled to receive any profit resulting from the program after the management fee is deducted.

#### XVII. COVID-19

On January 30, 2020, the World Health Organization ("WHO") announced a global health emergency because of a new strain of coronavirus (the "COVID-19 outbreak") and the risks to the international community as the virus spreads globally beyond its point of origin. In March 2020, the WHO classified the COVID-19 outbreak as a pandemic, based on the rapid increase in exposure globally. The full impact of the COVID-19 outbreak continues to evolve as of the date of this report. As such, it is uncertain as to the full magnitude that the pandemic will have on the School's financial condition, liquidity, voter approved budgets, and future results of operations. Management is actively monitoring the global situation on its financial condition, budgets, liquidity, operations, suppliers, industry, and workforce. Given the daily evolution of the COVID-19 outbreak and the global responses to curb its spread, the School is not able to estimate the effects of the COVID-19 outbreak on its results of operations, financial condition, or liquidity for fiscal year 2023.

In response to the COVID-19 outbreak, the Federal Government passed several COVID relief acts which include funding for elementary and secondary education. The School District was awarded three different stimulus packages known as Coronavirus Aid, Relief and Economic Security Act (CARES), Coronavirus Response and Relief Supplemental Appropriations Act (CRRSA), and the American Rescue Plan Act (ARPA). New York State Required the CARES funds to be reported in the General fund, as an offset to state aid reductions, referred to as the Pandemic Adjustment, while the CRRSA and ARPA funds are required to be reported in the special aid fund.

The District Federal stimulus spending can be found in the Schedule of Expenditures of Federal Awards on page 60 of this report.

#### XVIII. Subsequent Event

On September 23, 2022 the District issued a Bus Bond Anticipation Note in the amount of \$465,000 at a rate of 4% which matures August 31, 2022.

## Required Supplementary Information CATO-MERIDIAN CENTRAL SCHOOL DISTRICT, NEW YORK Schedule of Changes in District's Total OPEB Liability and Related Ratio For The Year Ended June 30, 2022

			Т	OTAL OPEB I	LIAB	ILITY			
		<u>2022</u>		<u>2021</u>		<u>2020</u>	<u>2019</u>	<u>2018</u>	<u>2017</u>
Service cost	\$	489,413	\$	526,260	\$	556,077	\$ 472,014	\$ 502,237	\$ 520,020
Interest		434,202		471,197		657,490	673,534	709,259	634,664
Changes in benefit terms		(8,440)		-		(363,516)	-	-	-
Differences between expected									
and actual experiences		1,194,438		(644,856)		(3,998,032)	(232,340)	(1,157,601)	527,381
Changes of assumptions or other inputs		(1,738,994)		331,954		3,591,782	7,855	524,859	(1,376,079)
Benefit payments		(519,760)		(527,181)		(549,508)	 (555,771)	 (568,699)	 (568,699)
Net Change in Total OPEB Liability	\$	(149,141)	\$	157,374	\$	(105,707)	\$ 365,292	\$ 10,055	\$ (262,713)
Total OPEB Liability - Beginning	\$	19,158,180	\$	19,000,806	\$	19,106,513	\$ 18,741,221	\$ 18,731,166	\$ 18,993,879
Total OPEB Liability - Ending	\$	19,009,039	\$	19,158,180	\$	19,000,806	\$ 19,106,513	\$ 18,741,221	\$ 18,731,166
Covered Employee Payroll	\$	9,573,599	\$	9,255,219	\$	9,165,523	\$ 8,879,600	\$ 8,595,102	\$ 8,595,102
Total OPEB Liability as a Percentage of Cove	red								
Employee Payroll		198.56%		207.00%		207.31%	215.17%	218.05%	217.93%

10 years of historical information is not available, and will be added each year subsequent to the year of implementation until 10 years of historical data is present.

(See Independent Auditors' Report)

### Required Supplementary Information CATO-MERIDIAN CENTRAL SCHOOL DISTRICT, NEW YORK Schedule of the District's Proportionate Share of the Net Pension Liability For The Year Ended June 30, 2022

NYSERS Pension Plan												
	<u>2022</u>	<u>2021</u>	<u>2020</u>	<u>2019</u>	<u>2018</u>	<u>2017</u>	<u>2016</u>	<u>2015</u>				
Proportion of the net pension liability (assets)	0.0061%	0.0061%	0.0066196%	0.0068551%	0.0068359%	0.0078286%	0.0073236%	0.0075979%				
Proportionate share of the net pension liability (assets)	\$ (500,785)	\$ 6,055	\$ 1,752,911	\$ 485,707	\$ 220,623	\$ 735,597	\$ 1,175,461	\$ 256,676				
Covered-employee payroll	\$ 1,896,710	\$ 2,086,697	\$ 2,003,251	\$ 2,016,547	\$ 1,975,656	\$ 1,944,597	\$ 1,785,072	\$ 1,834,077				
Proportionate share of the net pension liability (assets) as a percentage of its covered-employee payroll	-26.403%	0.290%	87.503%	24.086%	11.167%	37.828%	65.850%	13.995%				
Plan fiduciary net position as a percentage of the total pension liability	103.65%	99.95%	86.39%	96.27%	98.24%	94.70%	90.70%	97.90%				
			NYSTRS P	ension Plan								
	<u>2022</u>	<u>2021</u>	<u>2020</u>	<u>2019</u>	<u>2018</u>	<u>2017</u>	<u>2016</u>	<u>2015</u>				
Proportion of the net pension liability (assets)	0.0423%	0.0456%	0.046249%	0.046967%	0.045890%	0.045680%	0.0448300%	0.0440980%				
Proportionate share of the net pension liability (assets)	\$ (7,322,327)	\$ 1,260,157	\$ (1,201,564)	\$ (849,285)	\$ (348,811)	\$ 489,257	\$ (4,656,392)	\$ (4,912,188)				
Covered-employee payroll	\$ 7,662,459	\$ 7,208,159	\$ 7,769,793	\$ 7,719,789	\$ 7,709,045	\$ 7,272,077	\$ 7,048,953	\$ 6,908,408				
Proportionate share of the net pension liability (assets) as a percentage of its covered-employee payroll	-95.561%	17.482%	-15.465%	-11.001%	-4.525%	6.728%	-66.058%	-71.104%				
Plan fiduciary net position as a percentage of the total pension liability	113.25%	97.80%	102.20%	101.53%	100.66%	99.01%	110.46%	111.48%				

10 years of historical information is not available, and will be added each year subsequent to the year of implementation until 10 years of historical data is present.

### Required Supplementary Information CATO-MERIDIAN CENTRAL SCHOOL DISTRICT, NEW YORK Schedule of District Contributions For The Year Ended June 30, 2022

	NYSERS Pension Plan															
		2022		<u>2021</u>		<u>2020</u>		<u>2019</u>		<u>2018</u>		<u>2017</u>		<u>2016</u>		<u>2015</u>
Contractually required contributions	\$	300,351	\$	293,959	\$	278,662	\$	275,776	\$	242,310	\$	284,765	\$	297,509	\$	324,615
Contributions in relation to the contractually required contribution		(300,351)		(293,959)		(278,662)		(275,776)		(242,310)		(284,765)		(297,509)		(324,615)
Contribution deficiency (excess)	\$	-	\$	-	\$	_	\$	_	\$	-	\$	-	\$	-	\$	-
Covered-employee payroll	\$	1,896,710	\$	2,086,697	\$	2,016,547	\$	2,016,547	\$	1,975,656	\$	1,944,597	\$	1,785,072	\$	1,834,077
Contributions as a percentage of covered-employee payroll		15.84%		14.09%		13.82%		13.68%		12.26%		14.64%		16.67%		17.70%
						NYSTRS Pe	nsio	on Plan								
		<u>2022</u>		<u>2021</u>		<u>2020</u>		<u>2019</u>		<u>2018</u>		<u>2017</u>		<u>2016</u>		<u>2015</u>
Contractually required contributions	\$	827,019	\$	739,597	\$	743,951	\$	873,761	\$	852,287	\$	901,696	\$	983,048	\$	1,219,316
Contributions in relation to the contractually required contribution		(827.019)		(739,597)		(743,951)		(873.761)		(852,287)		(901.696)		(983,048)		(1,219,316)
Contribution deficiency (excess)	\$		\$	- (10),0)1)	\$	- (, 10,,01)	\$	- (0/0,/01)	\$	- (002,201)	\$	-	\$	- (200,010)	\$	-
Covered-employee payroll	\$	7,662,459	\$	7,208,159	\$	7,769,793	\$	7,719,789	\$	7,709,045	\$	7,272,077	\$	7,048,953		6,908,408
Contributions as a percentage of covered-employee payroll		10.79%		10.26%		9.57%		11.32%		11.06%		12.40%		13.95%		17.65%

10 years of historical information is not available, and will be added each year subsequent to the year of implementation until 10 years of historical data is present.

# Required Supplementary Information CATO-MERIDIAN CENTRAL SCHOOL DISTRICT, NEW YORK Schedule of Revenues, Expenditures and Changes in Fund Balance -Budget (Non-GAAP Basis) and Actual - General Fund

For The Year Ended June 30, 2022

REVENUES	Original <u>Budget</u>	Amended <u>Budget</u>	Current Year's <u>Revenues</u>	er (Under) Revised <u>Budget</u>
Local Sources -				
Real property taxes	\$ 5,228,352	\$ 5,303,352	\$ 5,310,436	\$ 7,084
Real property tax items	982,500	907,500	910,492	2,992
Non-property taxes	1,000	1,000	1,299	299
Charges for services	16,000	16,000	46,318	30,318
Use of money and property	63,500	63,500	62,368	(1,132)
Sale of property and compensation for loss	3,500	3,500	16,701	13,201
Miscellaneous	70,000	70,000	489,361	419,361
State Sources -				
Basic formula	12,421,731	12,421,731	12,055,078	(366,653)
Lottery aid	1,650,549	1,650,549	1,656,704	6,155
BOCES	1,388,321	1,388,321	1,582,278	193,957
Textbooks	49,280	49,280	36,547	(12,733)
All Other Aid -				
Computer software	29,175	29,175	29,141	(34)
Library loan	5,325	5,325	4,187	(1,138)
Other aid	100,048	100,048	7,224	(92,824)
Federal Sources	 50,000	 50,000	117,440	 67,440
TOTAL REVENUES	\$ 22,059,281	\$ 22,059,281	\$ 22,325,574	\$ 266,293
Appropriated reserves	\$ 200,000	\$ 200,000		
Appropriated fund balance	\$ 200,000	\$ 200,000		
Prior year encumbrances	\$ 101,313	\$ 101,313		
TOTAL REVENUES AND APPROPRIATED RESERVES/ FUND BALANCE	\$ 22,560,594	\$ 22,560,594		

(See Independent Auditors' Report)

## Required Supplementary Information CATO-MERIDIAN CENTRAL SCHOOL DISTRICT, NEW YORK Schedule of Revenues, Expenditures and Changes in Fund Balance -Budget (Non-GAAP Basis) and Actual - General Fund For The Year Ended June 30, 2022

				Current				
	Original	Amended		Year's			Un	encumbered
	<b>Budget</b>	<b>Budget</b>	E	<u>xpenditures</u>	Encu	mbrances	i	Balances
EXPENDITURES								
General Support -								
Board of education	\$ 35,988	\$ 35,988	\$	32,009	\$	-	\$	3,979
Central administration	242,500	235,599		224,905		-		10,694
Finance	271,700	286,406		259,696		-		26,710
Staff	129,221	169,070		151,806		-		17,264
Central services	1,719,065	1,768,201		1,703,827		17,328		47,046
Special items	277,900	257,868		252,726		-		5,142
Instructional -								
Instruction, administration and improvement	694,000	679,629		652,223		-		27,406
Teaching - regular school	5,335,053	5,201,993		4,979,908		-		222,085
Programs for children with								
handicapping conditions	1,955,770	2,164,114		1,853,258		-		310,856
Occupational education	987,000	957,413		869,049		-		88,364
Teaching - special schools	174,500	144,000		124,364		-		19,636
Instructional media	1,049,985	1,048,277		965,390		1,372		81,515
Pupil services	1,193,752	1,054,622		886,928		268		167,426
Pupil Transportation	1,296,251	1,304,839		1,134,356		3,438		167,045
Employee Benefits	4,020,686	4,048,936		3,722,649		-		326,287
Debt service - principal	2,331,743	2,356,808		2,356,808		-		-
Debt service - interest	 495,480	 496,831		494,063		-		2,768
TOTAL EXPENDITURES	\$ 22,210,594	\$ 22,210,594	\$	20,663,965	\$	22,406	\$	1,524,223
Other Uses -								
Transfers - out	\$ 350,000	\$ 350,000	\$	118,885	\$	-	\$	231,115
TOTAL EXPENDITURES AND								
OTHER USES	\$ 22,560,594	\$ 22,560,594	\$	20,782,850	\$	22,406	\$	1,755,338
NET CHANGE IN FUND BALANCE	\$ -	\$ -	\$	1,606,409				
FUND BALANCE, BEGINNING OF YEAR	 6,733,951	 6,733,951	6,733,951					
FUND BALANCE, END OF YEAR	\$ 6,733,951	\$ 6,733,951	\$	8,340,360				

Note to Required Supplementary Information:

A reconciliation is not necessary since encumbrances are presented in a separate column on this schedule.

# Supplementary Information CATO-MERIDIAN CENTRAL SCHOOL DISTRICT, NEW YORK Schedule of Change From Adopted Budget To Final Budget And The Real Property Tax Limit For The Year Ended June 30, 2022

## CHANGE FROM ADOPTED BUDGET TO FINAL BUDGET:

Adopted budget			\$ 22,459,281
Prior year's encumbrances			 101,313
Original Budget			\$ 22,560,594
FINAL BUDGET			\$ 22,560,594
SECTION 1318 OF REAL PROPERTY TAX LAW LIMIT CALCULAT	FION	:	
2022-23 voter approved expenditure budget			\$ 23,127,972
Unrestricted fund balance:			
Assigned fund balance	\$	22,406	
Unassigned fund balance		925,119	
Total Unrestricted fund balance	\$	947,525	
Less adjustments:			
Encumbrances included in assigned fund balance	\$	22,406	
Total adjustments	\$	22,406	
General fund fund balance subject to Section 1318 of			
Real Property Tax Law			 925,119
ACTUAL PERCENTAGE			 4.00%

(See Independent Auditors' Report)

#### Supplementary Information CATO-MERIDIAN CENTRAL SCHOOL DISTRICT, NEW YORK CAPITAL PROJECTS FUND Schedule of Project Expenditures For The Year Ended June 30, 2022

				Expenditures				Methods of	f Financing		
	Original	Revised	Prior	Current		Unexpended	Local	State	Federal		Fund
Project Title	<b>Appropriation</b>	Appropriation	<u>Years</u>	<u>Year</u>	<u>Total</u>	Balance	Sources	Sources	Sources	<u>Total</u>	Balance
Old bus purchases	\$ 1,585,000	\$ 1,585,000	\$ 1,515,229	\$ 63,685	\$ 1,578,914	\$ 6,086	\$ 1,578,914	\$ -	\$ -	\$ 1,578,914	\$ -
Buses 2019-20	281,000	281,000	274,682	-	274,682	6,318	174,682	-	-	174,682	(100,000)
Buses 2020-21	355,000	355,000	287,322	-	287,322	67,678	105,000	-	-	105,000	(182,322)
Buses 2021-22	303,791	303,791	-	294,035	294,035	9,756	-	-	-	-	(294,035)
Smart Schools	1,185,295	1,185,295	772,533		772,533	412,762	-	772,533	-	772,533	-
Capital Outlay Project 2020-21	100,000	100,000	17,797	8,947	26,744	73,256	26,744	-	-	26,744	-
Capital Outlay Project 2021-22	100,000	100,000	-	100,000	100,000	-	100,000	-	-	100,000	-
HVAC	146,400	146,400		135,951	135,951	10,449			135,951	135,951	
TOTAL	\$ 4,056,486	\$ 4,056,486	\$ 2,867,563	\$ 602,618	\$ 3,470,181	\$ 586,305	\$ 1,985,340	\$ 772,533	\$ 135,951	\$ 2,893,824	\$ (576,357)

## Supplementary Information CATO-MERIDIAN CENTRAL SCHOOL DISTRICT, NEW YORK Combining Balance Sheet - Nonmajor Governmental Funds June 30, 2022

		Spe	ecial							
		Revenu	e Funds	<u>.</u>				Total		
		School	Mise	cellaneous		Debt	Nonmajor			
		Lunch	Speci	al Revenue	i	Service	Governmental <u>Funds</u>			
		<b>Fund</b>		Fund		Fund				
ASSETS										
Cash and cash equivalents	\$	-	\$	23,889	\$	496,290	\$	520,179		
Receivables		100,899		-		-		100,899		
Inventories		7,069		-		-		7,069		
Due from other funds		82,638		-		107,555		190,193		
TOTAL ASSETS	\$	190,606	\$	23,889	\$	603,845	\$	818,340		
LIABILITIES AND FUND BALANCI	ES									
<u>Liabilities</u> -	¢	24,202	¢		¢		¢	24.202		
Accounts payable	\$	24,382	\$	-	\$	-	\$	24,382		
Due to other governments		39		-		-		39		
Unearned revenue		27,482		-		-		27,482		
TOTAL LIABILITIES	\$	51,903	\$	-	\$	-	\$	51,903		
Fund Balances -										
Nonspendable	\$	7,069	\$	-	\$	-	\$	7,069		
Restricted		-		23,889		603,845		627,734		
Assigned		131,634				-	131,634			
TOTAL FUND BALANCE	\$	138,703	\$	23,889	\$	603,845	\$	766,437		

## (See Independent Auditors' Report)

TOTAL LIABILITIES AND

**FUND BALANCES** 

190,606

\$

23,889

\$

603,845

\$

818,340

\$

## Supplementary Information CATO-MERIDIAN CENTRAL SCHOOL DISTRICT, NEW YORK Combined Revenues, Expenditures and Changes in Fund Balances Nonmajor Governmental Funds For The Year Ended June 30, 2022

	Special								
	<b>Revenue Funds</b>							Total	
	School Lunch		Miscellaneous Special Revenue		Debt Service		Nonmajor Governmental		
		Fund		Fund		Fund		<b>Funds</b>	
REVENUES									
Use of money and property	\$	-	\$	5	\$	259	\$	264	
Miscellaneous		-		14,766		-		14,766	
State sources		9,863		-		-		9,863	
Federal sources		503,125		-		-		503,125	
TOTAL REVENUES	\$	545,652	\$	14,771	\$	259	\$	560,682	
EXPENDITURES									
Cost of sales	\$	32,129	\$	-	\$	-	\$	32,129	
Other expenses		414,761		10,000		-		424,761	
TOTAL EXPENDITURES	\$	446,890	\$	10,000	\$	-	\$	456,890	
EXCESS (DEFICIENCY) OF REVENUES									
OVER EXPENDITURES	\$	98,762	\$	4,771	\$	259	\$	103,792	
FUND BALANCE, BEGINNING									
OF YEAR		39,941		19,118		603,586		662,645	
FUND BALANCE, END OF YEAR	\$	138,703	\$	23,889	\$	603,845	\$	766,437	

# Supplementary Information CATO-MERIDIAN CENTRAL SCHOOL DISTRICT, NEW YORK Net Investment in Capital Assets/Right to Use Assets For The Year Ended June 30, 2022

Capital assets/right to use assets, net		\$ 29,926,331
Add: Bond refunding difference	\$ 136,730	136,730
Deduct:		
Bond payable	\$ 9,615,000	
Leases	60,298	
Energy performance contract	2,199,878	
Unamortized bond premium	510,543	
Assets purchased with short-term financing	 576,357	
		 12,962,076
Net Investment in Capital Assets/Right to Use Assets		\$ 17,100,985

## Supplementary Information CATO-MERIDIAN CENTRAL SCHOOL DISTRICT, NEW YORK SCHEDULE OF EXPENDITURES OF FEDERAL AWARDS

For The Year Ended June 30, 2022

<u>Grantor / Pass - Through Agency</u> <u>Federal Award Cluster / Program</u> <u>U.S. Department of Education:</u> <u>Indirect Programs:</u>	Assistance Listing <u>Number</u>	Grantor <u>Number</u>	Pass-Through Agency <u>Number</u>	Total <u>Expenditures</u>	
Passed Through NYS Education Department -					
Special Education Cluster IDEA -	94.027	NT/A	0022 22 0000	¢	240.000
Special Education - Grants to States (IDEA, Part B)	84.027	N/A	0032-22-0090	\$	249,660
Special Education - Preschool	84,173	NT/A	0022 22 0000		0.294
Grants (IDEA Preschool)	84.175 84.027X	N/A	0033-22-0090		9,384
ARP - (IDEA, Part B)	00	N/A	5532-22-0090		34,555
ARP - (IDEA Preschool)	84.173X	N/A	5533-22-0090	<u>_</u>	1,950
Total Special Education Cluster IDEA				\$	295,549
Education Stabilization Funds -	0.4.40.533		5100 01 0000	¢	0.510
ARP - Homless II	84.425W	N/A	5128-21-0290	\$	3,512
ARP - ESSER 3	84.425U	N/A	5880-21-0290		162,877
ARP- SLR Summer Enrichment	84.425U	N/A	5882-21-0290		40,554
ARP - SLR Comp	84.425U	N/A	5883-21-0290		66,887
ARP - SLR Learning Loss	84.425U	N/A	5884-21-0290		284,104
CRRSA - ESSER 2	84.425D	N/A	5891-21-0290		141,545
CRRSA - GEER 2	84.425C	N/A	5896-21-0290		39,451
Total Education Stabilization Funds				\$	738,930
Title IIA - Supporting Effective Instruction State Grant	84.367	N/A	0147-22-0290	\$	35,507
Title IV - Student Support and Enrichment Program	84.424	N/A	0204-22-0090		11,393
Title I - Grants to Local Educational Agencies	84.010	N/A	0021-22-0290		237,308
Total U.S. Department of Education				\$	1,318,687
<u>U.S. Department of Health and Human Services:</u> <u>Indirect Program:</u> <u>Passed through Cavuga County -</u> Epidemiology and Laboratory Capacity (ELC) Total U.S. Department of Health	93.323	N/A	N/A	\$ \$	162,595 162,595
U.S. Department of Homeland Security:					
Indirect Programs:					
Passed through the NYS Division of Homeland Security and Emer	gency Service	s -			
Homeland Security Grant - FEMA	97.036	N/A	N/A	\$	17,465
Total U.S. Department of Homeland Security				\$	17,465
<u>U.S. Department of Agriculture:</u> <u>Indirect Programs:</u> <u>Passed Through NYS Education Department -</u> <u>Child Nutrition Cluster</u> -					
National School Lunch Program	10.555	N/A	050401040000	\$	338,178
National School Lunch Program National School Lunch Program-Non-Cash	10.333	1N/A	030401040000	φ	330,170
Assistance (Commodities)	10.555	N/A	050401040000		29,407
National School Breakfast Program <i>Total Child Nutrition Cluster</i>	10.553	N/A	050401040000	\$	<u>134,338</u> 501,923
P-EBT Grant	10 640	NI / A	050401040000	Φ	
Total U.S. Department of Agriculture	10.649	N/A	050401040000	¢	<u>1,202</u> 503,125
				\$	
TOTAL EXPENDITURES OF FEDERAL AWARDS				\$	2,001,872

(See Independent Auditors' Report)



Report on Internal Control Over Financial Reporting and on Compliance and Other Matters Based on an Audit of Financial Statements Performed in Accordance With *Government Auditing Standards* 

#### **Independent Auditor's Report**

To the Board of Education Cato-Meridian Central School District, New York

We have audited, in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America and the standards applicable to financial audits contained in *Government Auditing Standards* issued by the Comptroller General of the United States, the financial statements of the governmental activities, each major fund, and the aggregate remaining fund information of the Cato-Meridian Central School District as of and for the year ended June 30, 2022, and the related notes to the financial statements, which collectively comprise the District's basic financial statements, and have issued our report thereon dated October 17, 2022.

#### Internal Control over Financial Reporting

In planning and performing our audit of the financial statements, we considered the District's internal control over financial reporting (internal control) as a basis for designing procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances for the purpose of expressing our opinions on the financial statements, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of the District's internal control. Accordingly, we do not express an opinion on the effectiveness of the District's internal control.

A *deficiency in internal control* exists when the design or operation of a control does not allow management or employees in the normal course of performing their assigned functions, to prevent, or detect and correct misstatements on a timely basis. A *material weakness* is a deficiency, or a combination of deficiencies, in internal control, such that there is a reasonable possibility that a material misstatement of the entity's financial statements will not be prevented, or detected and corrected on a timely basis. A *significant deficiency* is a deficiency, or a combination of deficiencies, in internal control that is less severe than a material weakness, yet important enough to merit attention by those charged with governance.

Our consideration of internal control was for the limited purpose described in the first paragraph of this section and was not designed to identify all deficiencies in internal control that might be material weaknesses or significant deficiencies. Given these limitations, during our audit we did not identify any deficiencies in internal control that we consider to be material weaknesses. However, material weaknesses may exist that have not been identified.

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#### **Compliance and Other Matters**

As part of obtaining reasonable assurance about whether Cato-Meridian Central School District's financial statements are free from material misstatement, we performed tests of its compliance with certain provisions of laws, regulations, contracts, and grant agreements, noncompliance with which could have a direct and material effect on the financial statements. However, providing an opinion on compliance with those provisions was not an objective of our audit and, accordingly, we do not express such an opinion. The results of our tests disclosed no instances of noncompliance or other matters that are required to be reported under *Government Auditing Standards*.

#### Purpose of this Report

The purpose of this report is solely to describe the scope of our testing of internal control and compliance and the results of that testing, and not to provide an opinion on the effectiveness of the District's internal control or on compliance. This report is an integral part of an audit performed in accordance with *Government Auditing Standards* in considering the District's internal control and compliance. Accordingly, this communication is not suitable for any other purpose.

Mongel, Metzger, Barn & Co. LLP

Rochester, New York October 17, 2022